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Independent Auditors' Report

То

The President of India /

The Members of Union Bank of India

Mumbai

Report on Audit of the Standalone Financial Statements

Opinion

- 1. We have audited the accompanying Standalone Financial Statements of Union Bank of India ('the Bank'), which comprise the Balance Sheet as at 31st March 2023, the Profit and Loss Account and the Statement of Cash Flows for the year then ended, and notes to financial statements including a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information in which are included the returns for the year ended on that date of
 - i) Head Office, 20 branches, 1 Treasury Branch, 18 FGM Offices audited by us
 - ii) 2691 branches audited by statutory branch auditors and
 - iii) 3 overseas branches audited by local auditors.

The branches audited by us and those audited by other auditors have been selected by the Bank in accordance with the guidelines issued to the Bank by the Reserve Bank of India (the RBI). Also incorporated in the Balance Sheet, the Profit and Loss Account and the Statement of Cash Flows are the returns from 6406 branches and offices which have not been subjected to audit. These unaudited branches account for 23.82 % of advances, 37.81% of deposits, 17.01 % of interest income and 33.86 % of interest expenses.

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid standalone financial statements give the information required by the Banking Regulation Act, 1949 in the manner so required for bank and are in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in India and:

- a. the Balance Sheet, read with the notes thereon is a full and fair Balance Sheet containing all the necessary particulars, is properly drawn up so as to exhibit a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Bank as at 31st March, 2023;
- b. the Profit and Loss Account, read with the notes thereon shows a true balance of profit for the year ended on that date; and
- c. the Cash Flow Statement gives a true and fair view of the cash flows for the year ended on that date.

Basis for Opinion

2. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Standards on Auditing (SAs) issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India (the "ICAI"). Our responsibilities under those Standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the standalone Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Bank in accordance with the Code of Ethics issued by the ICAI together with ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, including the Accounting Standards issued by ICAI, and provisions of section 29 of the Banking Regulation Act, 1949 and circulars and guidelines issued by Reserve Bank of India ('RBI") from time to time and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.



Emphasis of the Matter

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3. We draw your attention to Note No. 15(b)(ii)(b)(iv)(a) of schedule 18 - Notes to Accounts to the standalone financial statements regarding unamortised part of additional liability on account of revision in family pension carried forward from last year amounting to ₹ 1521.62 crores, has been fully charged to profit and loss account during the year ended March 31, 2023. There is no unamortised expenditure in the Balance Sheet on account of additional family pension.

Our opinion is not modified in respect of these matters.

Key Audit Matters

4. Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the standalone financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the standalone financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters. We have determined the matters prescribed below to be the key audit matters to be communicated in our report.

Sr.	Key Audit Matter	How it was dealt with in our report				
1	Income Recognition, Asset Classification (IRAC) and regulatory requirements	provisioning on Loans & Advances and Investments as per the				
	Loans & Advances and Investments are the largest class of assets forming 85.98% of the total assets as on March 31, 2023. Classification, income recognition and loss provisioning on the same are based on objective parameters as prescribed by the regulations (Reserve Bank of India's prudential norms and other guidelines). The management of the Bank relies heavily on its IT systems (including Core Banking Solution), exercise significant estimates and judgement, manual interventions, and uses services of experts (like independent valuers, Lawyers, legal experts and other professional) to determine asset classification, income recognition and provisioning for losses. The Bank has system based identification of non- performing assets in accordance with IRAC Norms	 Our audit was focused on income recognition, asset classification and provisioning pertaining to advances due to the materiality of the balances and associated impairment provisions. Our audit procedures included the assessment of controls over the approval, disbursements and monitoring of loans, and reviewing the logic and assumptions used in the CBS and other related IT systems for compliance of the IRAC and provisioning norms and its operating effectiveness. These included evaluation and understanding of following: Bank's internal control system in adhering to the Relevant RBI guidelines regarding income recognition, asset classification and provisioning pertaining to advances/ investments; System controls and manual controls over the timely recognition of non-performing assets (NPA/NPI); Operational existence and effectiveness of controls over provisioning calculation models from the IT systems; Overall Controls on the loan approval, disbursement and monitoring process in case of advances and controls over the purchase, sale and hold decisions making system in case of investments We tested sample of loans/investments (in cases of branches visited by us) to assess whether they had been identified as non performing on a timely manner, income recognized and provisioning made as per IRAC norms. We have also reviewed the reliability, effectiveness and accuracy of manual interventions, wherever it has come to our notice, on test check basis. 				







Sr.	Key Audit Matter	How it was dealt with in our report		
		 We have relied on the reports/returns and work done by other Statutory Branch Auditors (SBA) in cases of branches not visited by us to get an overall comfort with respect to overall compliance in accordance with SA 600 - Using the Work of Another Auditor. 		
		 We have reviewed the work done by other experts like Independent valuers, Lawyers, Legal Experts and other such professionals who have rendered services to the Bank, in accordance with SA 620 Using the Work of ar Auditor's Expert. 		
		 Further we have also reviewed the Bank's system or monitoring potentially weak and sensitive accounts which show a sign of stress. 		
		 We have also reviewed the reports and observations of the Bank's internal audit/inspection reports and observations of the concurrent auditors for the same. 		
		 Verification of valuation, classification, provisioning and income recognition of investments by carrying ou substantive test including arithmetic accuracy, data accuracy and control over the financial reporting system. 		
		We have test checked and assessed the efficacy of the system based identification of NPA		
	Information Technology (IT) and controls impacting	financial reporting		
	In the normal course of its business, the Bank's financial accounting and reporting systems are highly dependent on the effective working of the Core Banking Solution (CBS) and other IT systems linked to the CBS or working independently. Extensive volume, variety and complexity of	Our audit procedures included verifying, testing and reviewing the design and operating effectiveness of the IT system by verifying the reports/returns and other financial and non financial information generated from the system on a test check basis.		
	transactions are processed daily and there is a risk	Our audit procedures included:		
	that automated accounting procedures and related internal controls may not be accurately designed and operating effectively. Particular areas of focus relate to the logic that is fed into the system, sanctity	 Ensuring that deficiencies noticed in our verification on tes check basis were informed to the management for corrective action; 		
	and reliability of the data, access management and segregation of duties. These underlying principles are important because they ensure that changes to	 Carrying out independent alternative audit procedures like substantive testing in areas where deficiencies were noticed; 		
applications and data are appropriate, authorized, cleansed and monitored, so that the system generates accurate and reliable reports/ returns		 Analytical procedures like ratio analysis, trend analysis reasonable tests, comparative analysis; 		
	and other financial and non-financial information that is used for the preparation and presentation of the financial statements.	 Reliance on the work performed by the statutory branch auditors and the rectification entries (MOCs) passed based on branch audits; 		
	We have relied on the consistent and accurate functioning of CBS and other IT systems for the	 Reliance on external vendor inspection reports whereve made available. 		
	following:	 Reviewed the IS Audit Reports and discussed with I Department on compliance with key IT controls. 		
	 Asset Classification and Income recognition as per the Reserve Bank of India guidelines; 			
	 Provisioning on the advance portfolio; 			









Sr.	Key Audit Matter	How it was dealt with in our report
	 Identification of advances and liability items and its maturity pattern in various brackets; 	
	 Reconciliation and ageing of various suspense and sundry accounts, impersonal accounts, inter-branch balances and other such accounts; 	
	Recording Investment transactions	
	 Interest expense on deposits and other liabilities; 	
3	Recognition and measurement of Deferred tax	
	The Bank has recognised a net deferred tax asset of ₹ 8,65,97,447 (in '000) as on March 31, 2023. Besides objective estimation, recognition and measurement of deferred tax asset is based on the judgment and numerous estimates regarding the availability and visibility of profits in the future. The recent decrease in the amount of deferred tax assets presumes availability and forecasting of profits over an extended period of time thus decreasing uncertainty and the inherent risk of inappropriate recognition of the said asset.	 an understanding of the applicable tax laws and relevant regulations applicable to the Bank. Based on our understanding, we performed both tests of related internal key controls and substantive audit procedures with the assistance of tax specialists. We performed the following audit procedures as part of our controls testing including, but not limited to: Evaluation of the policies used for recognition and
		of profits against which the bank will be able to use this deferred tax asset in the future.

Information Other than the Standalone Financial Statements and Auditors' Report thereon

5. The Bank's Board of Directors is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the Highlights for the year, Directors' Report including annexures to Directors' Report, key financial ratios, Business responsibility Report and Corporate Governance report in the Annual Report, but does not include the standalone financial statements and our auditor's report thereon, which is expected to be made available to us after the date of this Auditors' Report.

Our opinion on the standalone financial statements does not cover the Other Information and Pillar 3 disclosures under the Basel III Disclosure and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the Standalone Financial Statements, our responsibility is to read the Other Information identified above and, in doing so, consider whether the Other Information is materially inconsistent with the Standalone Financial Statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If, based on the work we have performed on the Other Information that we obtained prior to the date of this Auditors' Report, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this Other Information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

When we read the other information, if we conclude that there is a material misstatement therein, we are required to communicate the matter to those charged with governance.



Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Standalone Financial Statements

6. The Bank's Board of Directors is responsible with respect to the preparation of these standalone financial statements that give a true and fair view of the financial position, financial performance and cash flows of the Bank in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, including the Accounting Standards issued by ICAI to the extent applicable, and provisions of Section 29 of the Banking Regulation Act, 1949 and circulars and guidelines issued by the Reserve Bank of India ('RBI') from time to time. This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding of the assets of the Bank and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the financial statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the standalone financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Bank's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Bank or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

The Board of Directors are also responsible for overseeing the Bank's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Standalone Financial Statements

7. Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with SAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on
 the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast
 significant doubt on the bank's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty
 exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements
 or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence
 obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the bank to cease to
 continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

Other Matters

8. We did not audit the financial statements / information of 2694 branches and offices including 3 foreign branches included in Standalone Financial Results of the Bank whose financial statements/ information reflects total assets of ₹ 2,66,41,76,397.19 (in thousand) at March 31, 2023 and total revenue of ₹ 25,17,25,101.73 (in thousand) for the year ended on that date, as considered in the Standalone Financial Results. These branches and offices cover 36.86% of advances, 58.04% of deposits and 48.89% of Non – performing assets as on 31st March 2023 and 26.39% of revenue for the year ended 31st March 2023. The financial statements/ information of these branches have been audited by the branch auditors whose reports have been furnished to us and in our opinion in so far as it relates to the amounts and disclosures included in respect of branches, are based solely on the report of such branch auditors.

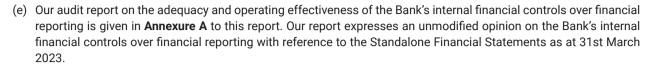
Our opinion is not modified in respect of this matter.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

 The Balance Sheet and the Profit and Loss Account have been drawn up in accordance with Section 29 of the Banking Regulation Act, 1949;

Subject to the limitations of the audit indicated in paragraphs 5 and 8 above and as required by the Banking Companies (Acquisition and Transfer of Undertakings) Act, 1970/1980, and subject also to the limitations of disclosure required therein, we report that:

- a) We have obtained all the information and explanations which, to the best of our knowledge and belief, were necessary for the purposes of our audit and have found them to be satisfactory;
- b) The transactions of the Bank, which have come to our notice, have been within the powers of the Bank; and
- c) The returns received from the offices and branches of the Bank have been found adequate for the purpose of our audit.
- As required by letter No. DOS.ARG.No.6270/08.91.001/2019-20 dated March 17, 2020 on "Appointment of Statutory Central Auditors (SCAs) in Public Sector Banks – Reporting obligations for SCAs from FY 2019-20", read with subsequent communication dated May 19, 2020 issued by the RBI, we further report on the matters specified in paragraph 2 of the aforesaid letter as under:
 - (a) In our opinion, the aforesaid standalone financial statements comply with the applicable accounting standards, to the extent they are not inconsistent with the accounting policies prescribed by RBI.
 - (b) In our opinion there are no observations or comments on financial transactions or matters which have any adverse effect on the functioning of the bank.
 - (c) As the bank is not registered under the Companies Act, 2013 the disqualifications from being a director of the bank under sub-section (2) of Section 164 of the Companies Act, 2013 do not apply to the bank.
 - (d) There are no qualifications, reservations or adverse remarks relating to the maintenance of accounts and other matters connected therewith.



- 11. We further report that:
 - a) in our opinion, proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the Bank so far as it appears from our examination of those books and proper returns adequate for the purposes of our audit have been received from branches not visited by us;
 - b) the Balance Sheet, the Profit and Loss Account and the Statement of Cash Flows dealt with by this report are in agreement with the books of account and with the returns received from the branches not visited by us;
 - c) the reports on the accounts of the branch offices audited by branch auditors of the Bank under section 29 of the Banking Regulation Act, 1949 have been sent to us and have been properly dealt with by us in preparing this report; and
 - d) In our opinion, the Balance Sheet, the Profit and Loss Account and the Statement of Cash Flows comply with the applicable accounting standards, to the extent they are not inconsistent with the accounting policies prescribed by RBI.

For M/s R G N Price & Co. Chartered Accountants FRN 002785S

CA P. M. Veeramani Partner Membership No.023933 UDIN: 23023933BGVFVB8763

For M/s P V A R & Associates Chartered Accountants FRN 005223C

CA Ruchi Agarwal Partner Membership No. 504134 UDIN:23504134BGWTPP4106

Place of Signature: Mumbai Date of Report: 06.05.2023 For M/s SARDA & PAREEK LLP Chartered Accountants FRN 109262W/W100673

CA Niranjan Joshi Partner Membership No.102789 UDIN: 23102789BGWREB5291

For M/s Gopal Sharma & Co. Chartered Accountants FRN 002803C

CA Abhishek Sharma Partner Membership No. 079224 UDIN: 23079224BGTKQ02274 For M/s C R Sagdeo & Co. Chartered Accountants FRN 108959W

CA Sachin V. Luthra Partner Membership No. 109127 UDIN: 23109127BGQVHR6655

> For M/s N B S & Co. Chartered Accountants FRN 110100W

CA Pradeep J. Shetty Partner Membership No. 046940 UDIN: 23046940BGPTTS7892



ANNEXURE "A" TO THE INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT (Referred to in paragraph 10(a) under 'Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements' section of our report of even date) Report on the Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting as required by the Reserve Bank of India (the "RBI") Letter DOS.ARG.No.6270/08.91.001/2019-20 dated March 17, 2020 (as amended) (the "RBI communication")

We have audited the internal financial controls over financial reporting of Union Bank of India ("the Bank") as of March 31, 2023 in conjunction with our audit of the standalone financial statements of the Bank for the year ended on that date which includes internal financial controls over financial reporting of the Bank's branches.

Management's Responsibility for Internal Financial Controls

The Bank's management is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Bank considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India. These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to the Bank's policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Banking Regulation Act, 1949 and the circulars and guidelines issued by the Reserve Bank of India.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Bank's internal financial controls over financial reporting based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting (the "Guidance Note") issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India (the "ICAI") and the Standards on Auditing (SAs) issued by the ICAI, to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls. Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls over financial reporting were established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects.

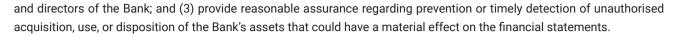
Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls over financial reporting and their operating effectiveness. Our audit of internal financial controls over financial reporting included obtaining an understanding of internal financial controls over financial reporting, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal financial controls based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained and the audit evidence obtained by the branch auditors, in terms of their reports referred to in the Other Matters paragraph below, is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the Bank's internal financial controls over financial reporting.

Meaning of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting

A Bank's internal financial controls over financial reporting is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A Bank's internal financial controls over financial reporting includes those policies and procedures that (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the Bank; (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the Bank are being made only in accordance with authorisations of management





Inherent Limitations of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting

Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls over financial reporting, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls over financial reporting to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial controls over financial reporting may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

Opinion

In our opinion, and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us and based on the consideration of the reports of the branch auditors referred to in the Other Matters paragraph below, the Bank has, in all material respects, adequate internal financial controls over financial reporting and such internal financial controls over financial reporting were operating effectively as at March 31, 2023, based on the criteria for internal control over financial reporting established by the Bank considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India".

Other Matters

Our aforesaid report insofar as it relates to the operating effectiveness of internal financial controls over financial reporting of 2691 branches and offices is based on the corresponding reports of the respective branch auditors of those branches.

Our opinion is not modified in respect of this matter.

For M/s R G N Price & Co. Chartered Accountants FRN 002785S

CA P. M. Veeramani Partner Membership No.023933 UDIN: 23023933BGVFVB8763

For M/s P V A R & Associates Chartered Accountants FRN 005223C

CA Ruchi Agarwal Partner Membership No. 504134 UDIN:23504134BGWTPP4106

Place of Signature: Mumbai Date of Report: 06.05.2023 For M/s SARDA & PAREEK LLP Chartered Accountants FRN 109262W/W100673

CA Niranjan Joshi Partner Membership No.102789 UDIN: 23102789BGWREB5291

For M/s Gopal Sharma & Co. Chartered Accountants FRN 002803C

CA Abhishek Sharma Partner Membership No. 079224 UDIN: 23079224BGTKQ02274 For M/s C R Sagdeo & Co. Chartered Accountants FRN 108959W

CA Sachin V. Luthra Partner Membership No. 109127 UDIN: 23109127BGQVHR6655

> For M/s N B S & Co. Chartered Accountants FRN 110100W

CA Pradeep J. Shetty Partner Membership No. 046940 UDIN: 23046940BGPTTS7892 243









Standalone Balance Sheet As on 31st March, 2023

Particulars	Schedule Number	As on 31 March, 2023	As on 31 March, 2022		
CAPITAL AND LIABILITIES					
Capital	1	6,83,47,475	6,83,47,475		
Reserves and Surplus	2	71,49,94,658	63,74,13,875		
Share Application Money		-	-		
Deposits	3	11,17,71,63,220	10,32,39,26,349		
Borrowings	4	43,13,74,686	51,17,90,975		
Other Liabilities and Provisions	5	41,56,44,474	33,44,31,936		
TOTAL		12,80,75,24,513	11,87,59,10,609		
ASSETS					
Cash and Balances with Reserve Bank of India	6	50,25,42,741	46,11,25,911		
Balances with Banks and Money at Call and Short Notice	7	61,89,61,793	73,38,77,672		
Investments	8	3,39,29,90,482	3,48,50,73,915		
Advances	9	7,61,84,54,577	6,61,00,46,627		
Fixed Assets	10	8,82,56,071	7,19,13,038		
Other Assets	11	58,63,18,849	51,38,73,446		
		12,80,75,24,513	11,87,59,10,609		
Contingent Liabilities	12	6,07,80,94,194	6,50,24,77,545		
Bills for Collection		43,56,67,177	66,08,94,129		
Significant Accounting Policies	17				
Notes to Accounts	18				

The Schedules referred to above form an integral part of the Standalone Balance Sheet

(PANKAJ KUMAR) DY. GENERAL MANAGER

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

(RAMASUBRAMANIAN S) EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR

(ARUN KUMAR SINGH) DIRECTOR

(LAXMAN S UPPAR) DIRECTOR

(NIDHU SAXENA) EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR

(JAYADEV MADUGULA) DIRECTOR

MANAGING DIRECTOR & CEO

CHAIRMAN

As per our report of even date attached.

For M/s R G N Price & Co. Chartered Accountants FRN 002785S

CA P M Veeramani Partner Membership No.023933 UDIN: 23023933BGVFVB8763

For M/s P V A R & Associates Chartered Accountants FRN 005223C

CA Ruchi Agarwal Partner Membership No.504134 UDIN:23504134BGWTPP4106

(A. MANIMEKHALAI)

(SRINIVASAN VARADARAJAN)

For M/s SARDA & PAREEK LLP **Chartered Accountants** FRN 109262W/W100673

CA Niranjan Joshi Partner Membership No.102789 UDIN: 23102789BGWREB5291

For M/s Gopal Sharma & Co. Chartered Accountants FRN 002803C

CA Abhishek Sharma Partner Membership No.079224 UDIN: 23079224BGTKQ02274 (PRAFULLA KUMAR SAMAL) CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER

> (NITESH RANJAN) EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR

(SURAJ SRIVASTAVA) DIRECTOR

> (PRITI JAY RAO) DIRECTOR

For M/s C R Sagdeo & Co. Chartered Accountants FRN 108959W

CA Sachin V Luthra Partner Membership No. 109127 UDIN: 23109127BGQVHR6655

> For M/s NBS & Co. **Chartered Accountants** FRN 110100W

CA Pradeep J. Shetty Partner Membership No. 046940 UDIN: 23046940BGPTTS7892



यूनियन बैंक ऑफ इंडिया



Standalone Profit and Loss Account For the Year Ended 31st March, 2023

Particulars		Schedule	For the Year Ended	For the Year Ended
		Number	31 March, 2023	31 March, 2022
		10	007400000	
	nterest Earned	13	80,74,33,386	67,94,39,508
	ther Income	14	14,63,31,530	12,52,48,172
-	OTAL		95,37,64,916	80,46,87,680
	XPENDITURE			
	nterest Expended	15	47,97,79,957	40,15,74,864
0	perating Expenses	16	21,93,13,319	18,43,80,735
	rovision And Contingencies		17,03,38,863	16,64,11,123
	OTAL		86,94,32,139	75,23,66,722
	rofit/ (Loss) for the year ransfer from Investment Fluctuation Reserve		8,43,32,777	5,23,20,958
	DD : PROFIT/(LOSS) BROUGHT FORWARD		58,32,008	-
	OTAL		9,01,64,785	5,23,20,958
	PPROPRIATIONS		5,61,64,700	0,20,20,700
	ransfer To Statutory Reserve		2,10,83,194	1,30,80,240
	ransfer To Capital Reserve		9,45,461	1,22,12,675
	ransfer To Investment Fluctuation Reserve		-	65,68,682
	ransfer To Revenue and Other Reserves		3,40,30,807	22,53,341
	ransfer To Special Reserve u/s Sec 36(1)(viii)		60,00,000	52,20,000
	nvestment Reserve Account roposed Dividend		17,69,006	-
	alance in Profit and Loss Account		2,05,04,309 58,32,008	1,29,86,020
-	OTAL		9,01,64,785	5,23,20,958
	NGS PER SHARE (BASIC AND DILUTED) (FV ₹	10)	12.34	7.73
	cant Accounting Policies	17		
Notes	To Accounts	18		
he Scł	nedules referred to above form an integral part	of the Standalone Profit and Loss	s Account	
orand	(PANKAJ KUMAR) DY. GENERAL MANAGER on behalf of the Board of Directors			KUMAR SAMAL) ANCIAL OFFICER
or anu			() ···	
	(RAMASUBRAMANIAN S) EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR	(NIDHU SAXENA) EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR		SH RANJAN) IVE DIRECTOR
	(ARUN KUMAR SINGH) DIRECTOR			SRIVASTAVA) RECTOR
	(LAXMAN S UPPAR) DIRECTOR	(JAYADEV MADUGULA) DIRECTOR		TI JAY RAO) RECTOR
		(A. MANIMEKHALAI) MANAGING DIRECTOR & CE	0	
		(SRINIVASAN VARADARAJA CHAIRMAN	N)	
	ur report of even date attached.			
s per o			5 M/- 0 D	0
s per o	For M/s R G N Price & Co.	For M/s SARDA & PAREEK LLP Chartered Accountants	Chartered A	Sagdeo & Co. Accountants)8959W
s per o	Chartered Accountants FRN 002785S	FRN 109262W/W100673		
s per o	FRN 002785S CA P M Veeramani	FRN 109262W/W100673 CA Niranjan Joshi	CA Sachi	n V Luthra
s per o	FRN 002785S CA P M Veeramani Partner Membership No.023933	FRN 109262W/W100673 CA Niranjan Joshi Partner Membership No.102789	CA Sachi Par Membershij	tner 0 No. 109127
∖s per o	FRN 002785S CA P M Veeramani Partner Membership No.023933 UDIN: 23023933BGVFVB8763	FRN 109262W/W100673 CA Niranjan Joshi Partner Membership No.102789 UDIN: 23102789BGWREB5291	CA Sachi Par Membershij UDIN: 2310912	tner 9 No. 109127 27BGQVHR6655
s per o	FRN 002785S CA P M Veeramani Partner Membership No.023933	FRN 109262W/W100673 CA Niranjan Joshi Partner Membership No.102789	CA Sachi Par Membershij UDIN: 2310912 For M/s I	tner 0 No. 109127

CA Abhishek Sharma

Partner

Membership No.079224

UDIN: 23079224BGTKQ02274

CA Ruchi Agarwal Partner Membership No.504134 UDIN:23504134BGWTPP4106

Place : MUMBAI Date : 6th May, 2023 Strategy, Model & Capitals

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CA Pradeep J. Shetty Partner Membership No. 046940 UDIN: 23046940BGPTTS7892







Schedules forming part of the Standalone Balance Sheet As on 31st March, 2023

			(₹ in 000'
Particulars		As on 31 March, 2023	As on 31 March, 2022
SCHEDULE	1 - CAPITAL :		
I. Authori	sed :		
10,00,00),00,000 Equity Shares of ₹10 each	10,00,00,000	10,00,00,000
(Previou	Is Year 10,00,00,00,000 Equity Shares of ₹10 each)		
II. Issued,	Subscribed, called up & Paid up :		
i. 570	,66,60,850 Equity Shares of ₹10		
eac	h, held by Central Government	5,70,66,609	5,70,66,609
(Pre	evious Year 570,66,60,850 Equity Shares)		
ii. 112	,80,86,616 Equity Shares of ₹10		
eac	h, held by Public	1,12,80,866	1,12,80,866
(Pre	evious Year 112,80,86,616 Equity Shares)		
Les	s: Calls unpaid	-	-
Ado	I: Forfeited shares	-	-
TO	TAL .	6,83,47,475	6,83,47,475

						(₹ in 000′)
	rticulars		As on 31 M	March, 2023	As on 31 M	arch, 2022
SC	HEDULE	E 2 - RESERVES & SURPLUS :				
I.		ory Reserve :				
	As per	last balance sheet	14,62,88,901		13,32,08,662	
	Additic	on during the year	2,10,83,194	16,73,72,095	1,30,80,239	14,62,88,901
II.		I Reserve :				
	i) Re	evaluation Reserve :				
	As	s per last balance sheet	4,75,70,741		4,89,84,778	
	Ac	ddition during the year	1,51,92,862		79,201	
	De	eduction during the year	14,39,378		14,93,238	
			6,13,24,225		4,75,70,741	
	ii) Ca	apital Reserve				
	As	s per last balance sheet	5,89,24,839		4,67,12,164	
	Ac	ddition during the year	9,45,461		1,22,12,675	
			5,98,70,300	-	5,89,24,839	
	iii) Ar	nalgamation Adjustment Reserve	1,30,95,979	13,42,90,504	1,30,95,979	11,95,91,559
III.	Share	Premium :				
	As per	last balance sheet	18,34,11,800		17,32,70,019	
	Additic	on during the year	-		1,01,92,652	
	Deduc	tion during the year	-	18,34,11,800	50,871	18,34,11,800
IV.	Reven	ue and Other Reserves :		-		
	i) Re	evenue Reserve :				
	As	s per last balance sheet	10,83,72,439		9,64,54,761	
	Ac	dition during the year	3,64,81,537		1,31,16,426	
	De	eduction during the year	-		11,98,748	
		otal	14,48,53,976		10,83,72,439	
	ii) Sp	pecial Reserve u/s Sec 36(1)(viii) of				
	, .	e Income Tax Act, 1961				
	As	s per last balance sheet	6,02,98,789		5,50,78,789	
		ddition during the year	60,00,000		52,20,000	
		otal	6,62,98,789		6,02,98,789	







Particulars	As on 31	March, 2023	As on 31	March, 2022
iii) Foreign Currency Translation Reserve				
As per last balance sheet	30,319		10,42,370	
Addition during the year	40,439		23,859	
Deduction during the year	24,92,338		10,35,910	
Total	(24,21,580)		30,319	
iv) Investment Fluctuation Reserve				
As per last balance sheet	1,93,61,583		1,27,92,901	
Addition during the year	-		65,68,682	
Deduction During The year	58,32,008		-	
	1,35,29,575		1,93,61,583	
v) Investment Reserve Account				
As per last balance sheet	-		-	
Addition during the year	17,69,006		-	
Deduction During The year	-		-	
	17,69,006		-	
vi) Special Reserve Profit on FX Swap	58,485	22,40,88,251	58,485	18,81,21,615
vii) Balance in Profit and Loss Account		58,32,008		-
TOTAL		71,49,94,658		63,74,13,875
CHEDULE 3 - DEPOSITS :				
٨.				
Demand Deposits				
i) From Banks	1,75,66,930		81,32,959	
ii) From Others	72,22,34,695	73,98,01,625	71,83,91,699	72,65,24,658
. Savings Bank Deposits	,,0 .,0 . 0	3,20,07,52,745		3,04,54,07,826
I. Term Deposits		0,20,07,02,710		0,01,01,07,020
i) From Banks	17,64,32,725		2,27,87,325	
ii) From Others	7,06,01,76,125	7,23,66,08,850	6,52,92,06,540	6,55,19,93,865
OTAL	7,00,01,70,120	11,17,71,63,220	0,02,72,00,010	10,32,39,26,349
		11,17,71,00,220		10,02,09,20,049
Deposits of branches in India		11,06,08,94,903		10,32,10,23,919
). Deposits of branches outside India		11,62,68,317		29,02,430
OTAL		11,17,71,63,220		10,32,39,26,349
SCHEDULE 4 - BORROWINGS :		11,17,71,00,220		10,02,09,20,049
) Borrowings in India				
a. Reserve Bank of India	13,38,20,000		14,20,90,000	
b. Other Banks			1,99,29,833	
c. Other Institutions and Agencies	2,30,94,294		2,98,96,073	
d. Perpetual Bonds- Tier I	9,68,80,000		8,70,50,000	
e. Subordinated Bonds - Tier II	9,95,00,000	35,32,94,294	10,05,00,000	37,94,65,906
) Borrowings Outside India	5,50,000,000	7,80,80,392	10,00,000,000	13,23,25,069
OTAL		43,13,74,686		51,17,90,975
Secured Borrowings included in I & II above		13,90,42,858		14,70,29,470
CHEDULE 5 - OTHER LIABILITIES AND		10,20,42,000		
ROVISIONS :				
Bills Payable		2,64,97,502		2,68,90,202
I. Interest Accrued		5,97,92,681		4,52,33,997
I. Others* (Including Provisions)		32,93,54,291		26,23,07,737
FOTAL		41,56,44,474		33,44,31,936
Fincludes provision for Standard Assets		41,30,44,474		33,44,31,930
-				
t 5,57,95,524 (Previous Year ₹ 6,56,67,690)				











Der		Ac. or 21	March 2002	A	(₹ in 000′
	rticulars HEDULE 6 - CASH AND BALANCES WITH	AS ON 3 I	March, 2023	AS ON 311	March, 2022
	SERVE BANK OF INDIA: Cash in hand				
I.			0 00 00 005		2 70 10 20
	(Including Foreign Currency Notes and		2,83,88,225		3,78,19,394
	Gold) Balance with Decembra Banks of India				
II.					40.00.06 515
	(a) in Current Account		47,41,54,516		42,33,06,517
	(b) in Other Accounts		0,000		0,000
	TOTAL		50,25,42,741		46,11,25,91
	HEDULE 7 - BALANCES WITH BANKS AND				
	ONEY AT CALL AND SHORT NOTICE :				
I.	Balances with banks in India				
	i) Balances with Banks				
	a) In Current Accounts	56,30,727		22,24,274	
	b) In Other Deposit Accounts	5,77,33,962		6,08,75,196	
	ii) Money at Call and short notice				
	a) with Banks	5,00,000		0,000	
	b) with Other Institutions	31,23,03,614	37,61,68,303	55,41,14,877	61,72,14,34
II.	Outside India				
	i) In Current Accounts	39,25,300		29,80,253	
	ii) In other Deposit Accounts	23,88,68,190		11,36,83,072	
	iii) Money at call & Short Notice	0,000	24,27,93,490	0,000	11,66,63,32
	TOTAL		61,89,61,793		73,38,77,67
SC	HEDULE 8 - INVESTMENTS :				
I.	Investments in India				
	i) Government Securities		2,60,25,15,576		2,64,16,37,95
	ii) Other Approved Securities		0,000		0,00
	iii) Shares		2,04,13,250		2,30,53,03
	iv) Debentures and Bonds		63,15,34,188		69,38,31,05
	 v) Subsidiaries and joint ventures 		38,88,095		33,86,09
	vi) Others (Commercial Paper, Mutual		10,55,57,112		9,51,30,77
	Funds, Venture Capital, Security Receip	ot			
	etc.)				
	Total		3,36,39,08,221		3,45,70,38,91
II.	Investments outside India				
	 Govt. Securities (Including Local 		1,72,90,809		1,61,01,880
	Authority)				
	ii) Other Investments (Bonds)		3,35,490		4,60,268
	iii) Subsidiaries and Joint Ventures		1,14,55,962		1,14,72,850
	Total		2,90,82,261		2,80,34,998
	TOTAL		3,39,29,90,482		3,48,50,73,91
III.	i) Investments in India				
	Gross Value		3,44,22,02,551		3,51,85,30,52
	Provision for Depreciation		7,82,94,330		6,14,91,606
	Net Value		3,36,39,08,221		3,45,70,38,91
	ii) Investments outside India				
	Gross Value		2,93,43,600		2,83,51,22
	Provision for Depreciation		2,61,339		3,16,223
	Net Value		2,90,82,261		2,80,34,998
	TOTAL		3,39,29,90,482		3,48,50,73,91







		(₹ in 000')
Particulars	As on	As on
Particulars	31 March, 2023	31 March, 2022
SCHEDULE 9 - ADVANCES (Net)		
Α.		
i) Bills purchased and discounted	3,29,53,001	3,87,09,874
ii) Cash Credits, Overdrafts and Loans repayable on demand	3,48,54,48,344	2,87,88,96,001
iii) Term Loans	4,10,00,53,232	3,69,24,40,752
TOTAL	7,61,84,54,577	6,61,00,46,627
B.		
i) Secured by tangible assets*	6,23,77,30,877	5,34,44,92,520
ii) Covered by Bank/Government Guarantees	12,26,93,689	13,06,61,251
iii) Unsecured	1,25,80,30,011	1,13,48,92,856
TOTAL	7,61,84,54,577	6,61,00,46,627
*includes advances against book debt ₹ 88,79,31,907 (previous year		
₹ 61,83,30,066)		
C. Sectorial Classification of Advances		
I. Advances in India:		
i) Priority Sector	2,85,85,94,969	2,59,52,39,457
ii) Public Sector	81,73,80,496	72,72,96,155
iii) Banks	6,33,569	2,22,975
iv) Others	3,71,91,49,598	3,13,82,79,933
TOTAL	7,39,57,58,632	6,46,10,38,520
II. Advances Outside India:		
i) Due From Banks	4,91,50,582	5,31,10,677
ii) Due from Others		
a) Bills Purchased and Discounted	3,86,506	12,11,011
b) Syndicated loans	0,000	5,47,141
c) Others	17,31,58,857	9,41,39,278
TOTAL	22,26,95,945	14,90,08,107
TOTAL	7,61,84,54,577	6,61,00,46,627

(₹ in 000')

Particulars	As on 31 M	March, 2023	As on 31 M	arch, 2022
SCHEDULE 10 - FIXED ASSETS :				
A. TANGIBLE ASSETS				
I. Premises				
At cost/valuation as per last balance	8,08,71,144		8,15,36,732	
sheet				
Additions during the year	2,16,56,329		6,10,204	
Deduction during the year	67,16,482		12,75,792	
	9,58,10,991		8,08,71,144	
Less: Depreciation till date	2,75,63,468	6,82,47,523	2,63,31,743	5,45,39,401
II. Capital Work-in-Progress				
At cost as per last balance sheet	3,60,997		6,22,879	
Additions during the year	1,08,106		1,26,601	
Deductions during the year	2,63,665	2,05,438	3,88,483	3,60,997
III. Land				
At cost as per last balance sheet	24,98,636		12,45,683	
Additions during the year	12,33,904		13,08,678	
Deductions during the year	97,572		55,725	
	36,34,968		24,98,636	
Less: Amortisation till date	7,02,457	29,32,511	4,52,022	20,46,614

Notice

Strategy, Model & Capitals









(₹ in 000')

Particulars		As on 31 I	March, 2023	As on 31 M	/larch, 2022
IV. Other Fixed As	sets (including Furniture				
and Fixtures)					
a) Assets giv	en on lease				
At cost as	per last balance sheet	2,65,352		2,65,352	
Less: Depr	eciation till date	2,65,352	-	2,65,352	-
b) Others					
	luation as per last balance	6,86,74,933		6,46,03,010	
sheet		CO OO OOO		40.67.440	
Additions durin		69,39,880		48,67,443	
Deductions du	ring the year	12,39,295	-	7,95,520	
Lass: Depresia	tion till data	7,43,75,518	1 50 01 000	6,86,74,933	1 25 05 126
Less: Deprecia B. INTANGIBLE ASSE		5,93,53,695	1,50,21,823	5,60,79,797	1,25,95,136
Computer Software		1 00 00 000		1 10 00 501	
At cost as per last		1,20,83,338		1,12,22,581	
Additions during th		8,77,862		8,72,637	
Deduction during the	ie year	11,50,741	-	11,880	
Less: Amortisation	till data	1,18,10,459	10 40 776	1,20,83,338	22 70 000
	liii dale	99,61,683	18,48,776	97,12,448	23,70,890
TOTAL SCHEDULE 11 - OTHER			8,82,56,071		7,19,13,038
			0 00 00 700		1 70 07 045
Inter-Office Adjustr	nents (Net)		2,20,20,700		1,79,97,045
I. Interest Accrued			9,08,48,858		7,68,96,049
III. Tax Paid/ Tax dedu	cted at source (Net of		6,73,41,164		5,39,12,604
provision)			60 700		60.040
V. Stationery and star			62,780		63,349
-	s acquired in satisfaction		1,334		1,334
of claims					
VI. Others*			27,43,38,697		21,24,01,949
VII. Deferred Tax Asset			8,65,97,447		12,29,23,747
VIII. MAT Credit Entitler	nent		4,51,07,869		2,96,77,369
TOTAL			58,63,18,849		51,38,73,446
	laced with NABARD/SIDBI/ ₹ 10,61,55,991 (Previous				
Year ₹ 9,64,56,088)					
SCHEDULE 12 - CONTI					
	bank not acknowledged		3,02,01,462		3,31,30,212
as debts	Sum not donnowiedged		0,02,01,402		0,01,00,212
II. Liability for partly p	aid Investments		0,000		0,000
	t of outstanding Forward		4,13,13,28,582		4,36,34,96,833
Exchange Contract			4,10,10,20,002		4,50,54,90,035
	s In behalf of Constituents				
	In benan of Constituents	66 40 64 012		65 25 09 607	
a) In India b) Outside India		66,40,64,012	67 82 85 079	65,35,08,697 1,65,75,655	67 00 04 252
V. Acceptances, endo	reamonts and other	1,42,21,966	67,82,85,978	1,65,75,655	67,00,84,352
 Acceptances, endo obligations 	rsements and other		99,64,00,071		1,26,92,16,524
VI. Disputed Tax dema	nds under appeals		20,98,89,819		13,77,78,737
VII. Amout transferred t			3,19,88,282		2,87,70,887
TOTAL			6,07,80,94,194		6,50,24,77,545
Bills for Collection			43,56,67,177		66,08,94,129





Schedules forming part of the Standalone Profit & Loss Account For the year ended 31st March, 2023

		(₹ in 000')
Particulars	For the Year Ended	For the Year Ended
	31 March, 2023	31 March, 2022
SCHEDULE 13 - INTEREST EARNED :		
I. Interest/Discount on advances/bills	56,76,01,357	45,23,55,006
II. Income on Investments	21,35,50,354	19,94,28,382
III. Interest on balances with Reserve Bank of India & other Inter Bank Funds	2,11,68,449	2,14,08,267
IV. Others	51,13,226	62,47,853
TOTAL	80,74,33,386	67,94,39,508
SCHEDULE 14 - OTHER INCOME :		<u> </u>
I. Commission, Exchange and Brokerage	2,15,14,101	1,73,98,170
II. Profit on sale of investments (Net)	79,80,536	3,41,11,874
III. Profit on revaluation of Investments (Net)	28,51,483	(10,70,995)
IV. Profit / (Loss) on sale of land, buildings & other assets (Net)	(14,860)	(3,489)
V. Profit on exchange transactions (Net)	81,30,829	60,80,630
VI. Income earned by way of Dividends, etc from subsidiaries and/or joint ventures abroad/ in India	3,250	24,700
VII. Miscellaneous Income	10,58,66,191	6,87,07,282
TOTAL	14,63,31,530	12,52,48,172
SCHEDULE 15 - INTEREST EXPENDED :		
I. Interest on Deposits	44,34,00,344	37,45,42,117
II. Interest on Reserve Bank of India/Inter-Bank Borrowings	1,84,28,879	1,05,59,953
III. Others	1,79,50,734	1,64,72,794
TOTAL	47,97,79,957	40,15,74,864
SCHEDULE 16 - OPERATING EXPENSES :		
I. Payments to and provisions for employees	12,38,97,058	10,11,46,061
II. Rent, Taxes and Lighting	1,06,77,413	1,07,06,732
III. Printing and Stationery	11,38,303	9,67,655
IV. Advertisement and Publicity	11,70,445	6,13,743
V. Depreciation on Bank's property	73,71,511	73,81,013
VI. Directors' fees, allowances and expenses	14,278	8,287
VII. Auditors' fees and expenses(including branch auditors)	6,89,129	6,30,321
VIII. Law Charges	16,29,256	14,08,632
IX. Postage, Telegrams, Telephones, etc.	32,04,977	31,10,629
X. Repairs and maintenance	36,09,658	32,71,779
XI. Insurance	1,53,61,120	1,28,77,009
XII. Other expenditure	5,05,50,171	4,22,58,874
TOTAL	21,93,13,319	18,43,80,735

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Significant Accounting Policies (Standalone) : Schedule 17

1. Basis of Preparation

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with requirements prescribed under the Third Schedule of the Banking Regulation Act, 1949. The accounting and reporting policies of the Bank used in the preparation of these financial statements conform to Generally Accepted Accounting Principles in India (Indian GAAP), the guidelines issued by Reserve Bank of India (RBI) from time to time and the Accounting Standards (AS) issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India (ICAI) to the extent applicable and practices generally prevalent in the banking industry in India.

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2. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements requires the management to make estimates and assumptions considered in the reported amount of Assets and Liabilities (including Contingent Liabilities) as of the date of the financial statements and the reported Income and Expenses during the reporting period. Management believes that the estimates wherever used in the preparation of the financial statements are prudent and reasonable. Difference between the actual results and estimates is recognized in the period in which the results are known / materialized.

3. Revenue Recognition

- 3.1. Income and Expenditure have been accounted for on accrual basis unless otherwise stated.
- 3.2. Income on Non-Performing Assets (NPAs) is recognized to the extent realized as per the prudential norms prescribed by the RBI. Income accounted for in the preceding year and remaining unrealized is derecognized in respect of assets classified as NPAs during the year.
- 3.3. Commission on Letter of Guarantee/Letter of Credit is accounted on accrual basis.
- 3.4. Exchange and brokerage earned, rent on Safe Deposit Lockers, income from Aadhaar cards, Minimum balance charges etc. are accounted for on realization basis.

- 3.5. Income (Other than interest) on investments in "Held to Maturity" (HTM) category acquired at discount to the face value is recognized as follows:
- 3.5.1.On interest bearing securities, it is recognized only at the time of sale/ redemption.
- 3.5.2. On Zero- coupon securities, it is accounted for over the balance tenor of the securities on a constant yield basis.
- 3.6. Dividend is accounted on an accrual basis where the right to receive the dividend is established.
- 3.7. Sale of NPAs accounted in terms of extant RBI guidelines.
- 3.8. Interest on Income-tax refunds is accounted for on receipt of Intimation order from the Income Tax Department.

4. Appropriation of Recovery :

Recoveries other than by way of OTS/NCLT shall be appropriated as under:

4.1. When there is no agreement between the debtor and creditor as to how monies paid by the debtor are required to be appropriated by the creditor, the order of appropriation is as under:

For Term Loans:

- > Towards expenses & costs etc.
- Towards unrecovered interest reversed on the date of NPA.
- > Interest held in dummy ledger (unapplied interest).
- Towards arrears of principal/EMI till the date of recovery.
- > Towards running ledger balance.

For Running Accounts:

- > Towards expenses & costs etc.
- Towards interest held in dummy ledger (unapplied interest) including unrecovered interest reversed at the time of NPA.

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- Towards principal.
- 4.2. In case borrower stipulates terms of appropriation differently than above and if such different terms of appropriation is accepted by Bank then appropriation of recoveries will be as per the sanction terms.
- 4.3. In case of OTS & all NCLT accounts, recovery either through resolution/liquidation:

Appropriation of recovery to be done as discussed here under or as per the sanction stipulations

- > Towards principal.
- Towards interest held in dummy ledger (unapplied interest) including unrecovered interest reversed at the time of NPA.
- > Towards expenses & costs etc.
- 4.4. In case of Non-Performing Investment recovery will be apportioned as mentioned below:
 - a. Towards expenses & costs etc.
 - b. Towards unrecovered interest reversed on the date of NPI.
 - c. Interest held in dummy ledger (unapplied interest).
 - d. Towards arrears of principal/EMI till the date of recovery.
 - e. Towards running ledger balance

5. Cash Flow Statements:

Cash Flow statement of the Bank is prepared as per AS-3. Cash Flow statement is mainly classified as:

- 5.1. Cash flow from Operating Activities: This activity includes cash flow generated from Operational activities.
- 5.2. Cash Flow from Investing Activities: This activity includes cash flow generated from investments.
- 5.3. Cash Flow from Financials Activities: This activity includes the cash flow generated from financial instruments.

6. Investments

6.1. In conformity with the requirements of Form A of the Third Schedule to the Banking Regulations Act, 1949, Investments are classified as under:

- 6.1.1. Government Securities
- 6.1.2. Other Approved Securities
- 6.1.3. Shares
- 6.1.4. Debentures & Bonds
- 6.1.5. Investments in Subsidiaries & Joint Ventures and
- 6.1.6. Other Investments

The Investment portfolio of the Bank is further classified in accordance with the RBI guidelines contained in Master Circular DoR.MRG.42/21.04.141 /201-22 dated August 25, 2021 (updated March 23,2022, March 31, 2022, April 08, 2022 and December 08, 2022) into three categories viz.,

- a) Held to Maturity (HTM)
- b) Available for Sale (AFS)
- c) Held for Trading (HFT)
- 6.2. As per RBI guidelines, the following principles have been adopted for the purpose of valuation
- 6.2.1. Securities held in "HTM" at acquisition cost.
- 6.2.1.1. The excess of acquisition cost over the face value is amortized over the remaining period of maturity and in case of discount; it is not recognized as income.
- 6.2.1.2. Investments in Regional Rural Banks are valued at carrying cost.
- 6.2.1.3. Investments in Subsidiaries and Joint Ventures are valued at carrying cost.
- 6.2.1.4. Diminution, other than temporary, in the value of its investment in subsidiaries/joint ventures, which are included in HTM shall be provided for.
- 6.2.2. Securities held in "AFS" and "HFT" categories
- 6.2.2.1. Securities held in "AFS" and "HFT" categories are valued classification wise and scrip-wise and net depreciation, if any, in each classification is charged to Profit & Loss account while net appreciation, if any, is ignored.







A	Govt. of India Securities (Central Govt. Securities)	As per Quotation put out by Financial Benchmarks India Pvt Ltd (FBIL)
В	State Development Loans, State Govt. Securities, Securities guaranteed by Central/ State Government, PSU Bonds	On appropriate yield to maturity basis as per FIMMDA Guidelines
С	Equity Shares	As per Market rates, if quoted, otherwise at break-up value, as per latest audited balance sheet (not more than 18 months old). In absence of both, at ₹ 1/- per company. The break-up value is computed excluding revaluation reserve.
D	Preference Shares	As per Market rates, if quoted, or on appropriate yield to maturity basis not exceeding redemption value as per FIMMDA guidelines.
E	Debentures/Bonds	As per Market rates, if quoted, otherwise on appropriate yield to maturity basis as per FIMMDA guidelines.
F	Mutual Funds(MF)	As per stock exchange quotations, if quoted. In case of unquoted units, as per latest Repurchase price declared by concerned MF. In cases where latest repurchase price is not available, as per Net Asset Value (NAV)
G	Treasury Bills / Certificate of Deposits / Commercial Papers	At carrying cost
Н	Venture Capital Funds (VCF)	At declared NAV or Breakup NAV as per audited Balance Sheet which is not more than 18 months old. If NAV / audited financial statements are not available for more than 18 months continuously, at ₹1/- per VCF

I	Security Receipts	Valuation of the same will be done as per RBI Guidelines on classification, valuation and operation of Investment portfolio of commercial Banks (RBI/DOR/2021-22/81 DOR. MGR.42/21.04.141/2021-22) dated Aug 25, 2021 and as amended from time to time.
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- 6.3. Interbank/RBI Repo and Interbank/ RBI Reverse Repo transactions are accounted for in accordance with extant RBI guidelines.
- 6.4. As per the extant RBI guidelines, the shifting of securities from one category to another is accounted for as follows:
- 6.4.1. From AFS/HFT categories to HTM category, at lower of book value or market value as on the date of shifting. Depreciation, if any, is fully provided for.
- 6.4.2. From HTM category to AFS/HFT category,
- 6.4.2.1. If the security is originally placed at discount in HTM category, at acquisition cost / book value.
- 6.4.2.2. If the security is originally placed at a premium, at amortized cost.

The securities so shifted are revalued immediately and resultant depreciation is fully provided for.

- 6.4.3. From AFS to HFT category and vice versa, at book value.
- 6.5. The non-performing investments are identified and depreciation / provision is made as per the extant RBI guidelines.
- 6.6. Profit / Loss on sale of investments & net depreciation on investment in any category are taken to the profit & loss account (net appreciation is ignored). However, in case of profit on sale of investments in "HTM" category, an equivalent amount (net of taxes and net of transfer to Statutory Reserves) is appropriated to the Capital Reserve account.
- 6.7. Commission, brokerage, broken period interest etc. on securities is debited / credited to Profit & Loss Account.
- 6.8. Brokerage and STT paid on purchase and sale of Equity is accounted to price of the deal.
- 6.9. The Amortization of premium on HTM Securities is







computed using Straight-line Method.

- 6.10. The Bank is following weighted average Price (WAP) for accounting of investment portfolio.
- 6.11. As per the extant RBI guidelines, the Bank follows 'Settlement Date' for accounting of investments transactions.
- 6.12. Income from the units of Mutual Fund, Venture Capital & Security Receipt shall be recognized on Cash Basis.

6.13. Derivative Contracts

- 6.13.1. The Interest Rate Swap which hedges interest bearing Asset or Liability are accounted for in the financial statements on accrual basis except the swap designated with an Asset or Liability that is carried at market value or lower of cost or market value. Gains or losses on the termination of swaps are recognized over the shorter of the remaining contractual life of the swap or the remaining life of the Asset / Liability.
- 6.13.2. Trading swap transactions are marked to market with changes recorded in the financial statements. (profit if any, is ignored)
- 6.13.3. In the case of option contracts, guidelines issued by Foreign Exchange Dealers Association of India (FEDAI) from time to time for recognition of income, premium and discount are being followed.
- 6.13.4. Arbitrage Income earned on forex swap transactions is accounted in Profit / Loss on Exchange Transactions category.

7. Advances

- 7.1. All advances are classified under four categories:
- 7.1.1. Standard,
- 7.1.2. Sub-standard,
- 7.1.3. Doubtful and
- 7.1.4. Loss assets.

Provisions required on such advances are made as per the extant prudential norms issued by the RBI in terms of Master Circular RBI/2022-2023/15 DOR. STR.REC.4/21.04.048/2022-23 dated April 01,2022 as under:

7.2. Loans and Advances are classified as performing

and non-performing, based on the guidelines issued by the RBI. Loan Assets become Non-Performing Assets (NPAs) where:

- 7.2.1. In respect of term loans, interest and/or instalment of principal remains overdue for a period of more than 90 days;
- 7.2.2. In respect of Overdraft or Cash Credit advances, the account remains "out of order", i.e.
 - 7.2.2.1. the outstanding balance in the CC/OD account remains continuously in excess of the sanctioned limit/drawing power for 90 days.
 - 7.2.2.2. The outstanding balance in the CC/OD account is less than the sanctioned limit/ drawing power but there are no credits continuously for 90 days, or
 - 7.2.2.3. the outstanding balance in the CC/OD account is less than the sanctioned limit/ drawing power but credits are not enough to cover the interest debited during the previous 90 days period.
- In respect of bills purchased/discounted, the bill remains overdue for a period of more than 90 days;
- 7.2.4. In respect of agricultural advances for short duration crops, where the instalment of principal or interest remains overdue for two crop seasons.
- 7.2.5. In respect of agricultural advances for long duration crops, where the principal or interest remains overdue for one crop season.
- 7.2.6. A working capital borrower account will become NPA if such irregular drawings are permitted in the account for a continuous period of 90 days even though the unit may be working or the borrower's financial position is satisfactory.
- 7.2.7. An account where the regular/ ad hoc credit limits have not been reviewed/ renewed within 180 days from the due date/ date of ad hoc sanction will be treated as NPA.
- 7.2.8. The amount of liquidity facility remains outstanding for more than 90 days, in respect of a securitization transaction undertaken in terms of the Reserve Bank of India (Securitization of Standard Assets) Directions, 2021





- 7.2.9. In respect of derivative transactions, the overdue receivables representing positive mark-to-market value of a derivative contract, if these remain unpaid for a period of 90 days from the specified due date for payment.
- 7.2.10. Accounts where there is erosion in the value of security/frauds committed by borrowers
- 7.2.10.1. In respect of accounts where there are potential threats for recovery on account of erosion in the value of security or non-availability of security and existence of other factors such as frauds committed by borrowers it will not be prudent that such accounts should go through various stages of asset classification. In cases of such serious credit impairment, the asset should be straightaway classified as doubtful or loss asset as appropriate.
- 7.2.10.2. Erosion in the value of security can be reckoned as significant when the realizable value of the security is less than 50 per cent of the value assessed by the bank or accepted by RBI at the time of last inspection, as the case may be. Such NPAs may be straightaway classified under doubtful category.
- 7.2.10.3. If the realizable value of the security, as assessed by the bank/ approved valuers/RBI is less than 10 per cent of the outstanding in the borrowal accounts, the existence of security should be ignored and the asset should be straightaway classified as loss asset
- 7.2.11. In respect of MSME accounts which will be restructured in terms of RBI Circular No DOR. No.BP.BC.34/21.04.048/2019-20 February 11, 2020 with reference to Circular No DBR.No.BP. BC.18/21.04.048/2018-19 dated 1st January, 2019 and kept in standard category, the Bank shall maintain a provision of 5% in addition to the provision already held. Reversal of said provision shall be made in accordance with the said circular.
- 7.2.12. In terms of RBI guidelines relating to 'Covid 19 Regulatory Package' on Asset Classification and Provisioning RBI has issued circular no.DOR.No.BP.BC/3/21.04.048/2020-21 & circular no. DOR.No.BP.BC/4/21.04.048/2020-21 dated 06th August, 2020, DoR.STR. REC.12/21.04.048/2021-22 & DoR.STR. REC.11/21.04.048/2021-22 dated May 05th, 2021 with reference to restructuring of Corporate & Retail Loan, Bank shall maintain

necessary provision in this regard.

- 7.3. NPAs are classified into Sub-Standard, Doubtful and Loss Assets, based on the following criteria stipulated by RBI:
- 7.3.1. Sub-standard: A loan asset that has remained non-performing for a period less than or equal to 12 months,
- 7.3.2. Doubtful: A loan asset that has remained in the sub-standard category for a period exceeding 12 months,
- 7.3.3. Loss: A loan asset where loss has been identified but the amount has not been fully written off.
- 7.4. Provisions are made for NPAs as per the extant guidelines prescribed by the regulatory authorities, subject to minimum provisions as prescribed below:

Sub-Stan- dard Assets:	 i. A general of 15% of the total outstanding ii. Additional provision of 10% for exposures which are unsecured ab-initio; iii. However, Unsecured Exposure, ab-initio, in respect of infrastructure loan accounts where certain safeguards such as escrow accounts are available - 20% (instead of 25% as stated above)
Doubtful-Se- cured Portion	 i. Up to one year - 25% ii. One to three years - 40% iii. More than three years - 100%
Doubtful Unsecured Portion	100%
Loss Asset	100%

- 7.5. Advances are stated net of specific loan loss provisions, Counter cyclical provisioning buffer and unrecovered interest held in Sundry /claims received from Credit Guarantee Trust Fund (CGTF)
 / Export Credit Guarantee Corporation (ECGC) relating to non-performing assets.
- 7.6. In respect of foreign offices, classification of loans and advances and provisions for NPAs are made as per the local regulations or as per the norms of RBI, whichever is more stringent.
- 7.7. For restructured/rescheduled assets, provisions are made in accordance with the guidelines issued by the RBI, which require that the difference

between the fair value of the loan before and after restructuring is provided for, in addition to provision for NPAs.

- 7.8. In the case of loan accounts classified as NPAs, an account may be reclassified as a performing asset if it conforms to the guidelines prescribed by the regulators.
- 7.9. Amounts recovered against debts written off are recognized as revenue in the year of recovery.
- 7.10. The general provision on Standard Advances is held in "Other Liabilities and Provisions" reflected in schedule 5 of the Balance Sheet and is not considered for arriving at both net NPAs and net advances. Standard Assets provision to be made as per IRAC RBI/2022-2023/15 DOR.STR. REC.4/21.04.048/2022-23 dated April 01,2022 and any subsequent circular issued from time to time.
- 7.11. Provision on Suspense accounts entries outstanding for more than six months are made at 100% except the claim receivable from Govt./ Govt. Bodies like Interest Subsidy on crop loan/ export advance, Pension receivable etc.

8. Property, Plant and Equipment

- 8.1. Premises and Other Fixed Assets are stated at cost, net of accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses, if any. The cost comprises of purchase price, eligible borrowing costs and directly attributable costs of bringing the Asset to its working condition for the intended use less trade discounts and rebates. Subsequent expenditure incurred on assets put to use is capitalized only when it increases the future benefits from such assets or their functional capability. Land and Buildings, if revalued are stated at revalued amount. The appreciation on revaluation is credited to Revaluation Reserve and the depreciation provided thereon is deducted there from and shall be credited to Revenue Reserves in terms of revised AS-10 on "Property, Plant and Equipment".
- 8.2. Depreciation on Fixed Assets is provided for on the Straight-Line Method at the rates prescribed in Expenditure Policy of the Bank from time to time.

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Capital Asset	Useful Life (Years)	Rate in percentage
Immovable Property- Land	Not stipulated; accordingly, no depreciation	NIL
Building with RCC frame structure (Both Residential & Non- residential)	60	1.67
Furniture	10	10.00
Fixtures	10	10.00
Air-conditioning plants (Package & water/air cooled ductable)	10	10.00
Split & Window Air conditioners	5	20.00
Electrical installation and equipments	5	20.00
Solar Power Equipment	15	6.67
Elevators & Lifts	15	6.67
Civil & Flooring work in leased Premises	5	20.00
Telephone Equipment	5	20.00
Motorcycles, Scooters & other mopeds	10	10.00
Motor Cars, Motor Lorries and Electrically operated vehicles including battery powered or fuel cell powered vehicles	8	12.50
Mobile Phones	3	33.33
Generators	15	6.67
Office Equipment/ Appliances,	5	20.00
Computers & computer software forming integral part of hardware	3	33.33
ATM & allied items	5	20.00
UPS & allied items	5	20.00
Servers & Networks	6	16.66
	Immovable Property- Land Immovable Property- Land Immovable Property- Land Immovable Property- frame structure (Both Residential & Non- residential) Furniture Fixtures Air-conditioning plants (Package & water/air cooled ductable) Isplit & Window Air conditioners Ielectrical installation and equipments Ielevators & Lifts Ielevators & Lifts Ielevators & Lifts Ielephone Equipment Ielephone Equipment Ielephone Equipment Ielephone Equipment Ielectrically operated vehicles including battery powered or fuel cell po	Capital Asset(Years)Immovable Property- LandNot stipulated; accordingly, no depreciationBuilding with RCC frame structure (Both Residential & Non- residential)60Furniture10Fixtures10Air-conditioning plants (Package & water/air cooled ductable)10Split & Window Air conditioners5Electrical installation and equipments5Solar Power Equipment15Civil & Flooring work in leased Premises10Motorcycles, Scooters & other mopeds10Motor Cars, Motor Lorries and Electrically operated vehicles including battery powered or fuel cell powered or fuel cell powered vehicles3Generators15Office Equipment/ Appliances,5Office Equipment/ Appliances,3Office Equipment/ computer s & computer software forming integral part of hardware5

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S. No.	Capital Asset	Useful Life (Years)	Rate in percentage
21	End user devices such as desktops, laptops, i-pads, tablets, printer & Scanner, digital watches etc.	3	33.33
22.	SDV lockers, Strong Room door, Cash Safe etc. (Along with Fixtures).	20	5.00
23.	Items provided to staff (Furniture/ Electrical and etc.)	5	20.00

- 8.3. Depreciation on premises is provided on composite cost, wherever the value of Land and Buildings is not separately identifiable.
- 8.4. Depreciation on Leased assets and Leasehold improvements is recognized on a straight-line basis using rates determined with reference to the primary period of lease.

9. Impairment of Assets

Impairment losses (if any) on Fixed Assets (including revalued assets) are recognised in accordance with AS-28 on "Impairment of Assets" issued by the ICAI and charged off to Profit and Loss Account. The carrying costs of assets are reviewed at each Balance sheet date if there is any indication of impairment based on internal/external factors. An impairment loss is recognized wherever the carrying cost of an asset exceeds its recoverable amount. The recoverable amount is the greater of the assets net selling price and value in use. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and risks specific to the asset. After impairment, depreciation is provided on the revised carrying cost of the asset over its remaining useful life. A previously recognized impairment loss is increased or reversed depending on changes in circumstances. However, the carrying value after reversal is not increased beyond the carrying value that would have prevailed by charging usual depreciation if there was no impairment.

The Bank has a policy of creation and utilization of Counter Cyclical Provisioning Buffer separately for Advances and Investments. The quantum of provision to be created is assessed at the end of each financial year. The counter Cyclical Provisions are utilized only for contingencies under extra ordinary circumstances specified in the policy with prior permission of the RBI.

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11. Transactions involving Foreign Exchange

Accounting for transactions involving foreign exchange is done in accordance with AS-11 on "The Effects of Changes in Foreign Exchange Rates", issued by the ICAI. In terms of AS-11, the foreign currency operations of the Bank are classified as a) Integral Operations and b) Non Integral Operations.

All overseas branches, offshore banking units, overseas subsidiaries are treated as non- integral operations and domestic operations in foreign exchange and representative offices are treated as integral operations.

Accounting for Integral operations:

- 11.1. Monetary and Non- Monetary Assets and Liabilities are revalued at the exchange rates notified by FEDAI at the close of the year and resultant gain / loss is recognized in the Profit & Loss Account.
- 11.2. Income & Expenditure items are recognized at the exchange rates prevailing on the date of the transaction.
- 11.3. Forward exchange contracts are recorded at the exchange rate prevailing on the date of commitment. Outstanding forward exchange contracts are revalued at the exchange rates notified by FEDAI for specified maturities and at interpolated rates for contracts of 'in-between' maturities. The resultant gains or losses are recognized in the Profit & Loss account.
- 11.4. Contingent liabilities on account of guarantees, acceptances, endorsements and other obligations are stated at the exchange rates notified by FEDAI at the close of the year.

12. Accounting for Non–Integral operations

12.1. Revenue Recognition

10. Counter Cyclical Provisioning Buffer

Income and Expenditure are recognized / accounted for as per the local laws of the respective countries.

12.2. Asset Classification and Loan Loss Provisioning

> Asset classification and loan loss provisioning are made as per the local laws of the respective countries or as per RBI guidelines whichever is higher.

- 12.3. Fixed Assets and Depreciation
- 12.3.1. Fixed Assets are accounted for at historical cost.
- 12.3.2. Depreciation on Fixed Assets is provided as per the applicable laws of the respective countries.
- 12.4. Assets and Liabilities (monetary and nonmonetary as well as Contingent Liabilities) are translated at the closing rates notified by FEDAI at the close of the year.
- 12.5. Income & Expenditure are translated at the quarterly average closing rates notified by FEDAI at the end of respective quarters.
- 12.6. All resulting exchange differences are accumulated in 'Foreign Currency Translation Reserve'.

13. Employee Benefits:

13.1. Short Term Employment Benefits:

The undiscounted amounts of short-term employee benefits (e.g. medical benefits) payable wholly within twelve months of rendering the services are treated as short term and recognized during the period in which the employee rendered the service.

- 13.2. Long term Employee Benefits:
- 13.2.1. Defined Contribution Plans:

The Bank operates a new pension scheme (NPS) for all officers/employees joining the Bank on or after 1st April,2010, which is a defined contribution plan, such new joinees not being entitled to become members of the existing Pension Scheme. As per the scheme, the covered employees contribute 10% of their basic pay plus dearness allowance to the scheme together with 14% of their basic pay plus dearness allowance as contribution from the Bank. Pending completion of registration

procedures of the employees concerned, these contributions retained with the Bank. The Bank recognizes such annual contributions in the year to which they relate. Upon receipt of the Permanent Retirement Account Number (PRAN), the consolidated contribution amounts are transferred to the NPS trust.

13.2.2. Defined Benefit Plan:

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Gratuity, Pension and Leave Encashment are defined benefits plans. These are provided for on the basis of an actuarial valuation as per Accounting Standard-15 "Employee Benefit" issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India, made at the end of each financial year, based on the projected unit credit method. Actuarial gains/losses are immediately taken to the Profit & Loss account.

14. Segment Reporting

The Bank recognizes the Business segment as the Primary reporting segment and Geographical segment as the Secondary reporting segment, in accordance with the RBI guidelines and in the compliances with the Accounting Standard-17 "Segment Reporting" issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India. Business segments are classified into

- 14.1. Treasury Operations,
- 14.2. Corporate and Wholesale Banking,
- 14.3. Retail Banking Operations and

(w/w Digital Banking Segment as and when applicable)

14.4. Other Banking Operations.

15. Lease Transactions

Lease payments for Assets taken on operating lease recognized as an expense in the profit and loss account on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

16. Earnings per Share

The Bank reports the basic and diluted Earnings per Share in accordance with AS 20. Earnings per Share is calculated by dividing the net Profit or Loss (after tax) for the year attributable to the Equity shareholders by the weighted average number of Equity shares outstanding during the year. Diluted earnings per share reflect the potential dilution that could occur if contracts to issue Equity shares were exercised or converted during the



year. Diluted earnings per Equity share is calculated by using the weighted average number of Equity shares and dilutive potential Equity shares outstanding as at the year-end.

17. Taxation:

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This comprises of provision for Income tax and deferred tax charge or credit (reflecting the tax effects of timing differences between accounting income and taxable income for the period) as determined in accordance with AS-22 on "Accounting for taxes on Income" issued by the ICAI. Provision for Tax is made for both current and deferred taxes. Current tax is provided on the taxable income using applicable tax rate. Deferred Tax Assets and Deferred Tax Liabilities arising on account of timing differences and which are capable of reversal in subsequent periods are recognized using the tax rates and the tax laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted till the date of the Balance Sheet. Deferred Tax Assets are not recognized unless there is 'reasonable certainty' that sufficient future taxable income will be available against which such Deferred Tax Assets will be realized. In case of carry forward of unabsorbed depreciation and tax losses, Deferred Tax Assets are recognized only if there is "virtual certainty".

18. Provisions, Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets

In terms of AS 29-Provisions, Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets issued by the ICAI, the Bank recognizes provisions only when it has a present obligation as a result of a past event, it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and when a reliable estimate of the amount of the obligation can be made. Contingent Assets are not recognized in the financial statements since this may result in the recognition of income that may not be realized.

19. Share Issue Expenses:

Share Issue expenses are charged to the Share Premium

account in terms of Section 52 of the Companies Act, 2013.

20. Consolidation of the Accounts:

Bank is having five subsidiaries i.e. Union Asset Management Company Private Limited, Union Trustee Company Private Limited, Union Bank of India (UK) Limited, Andhra Bank Financial Services Limited and UBI Services Ltd.

Bank is having three Joint Ventures i.e. Star Union Dai-Ichi Life Insurance Company Ltd., ASREC (India) Ltd. and India International Bank (Malaysia) Berhad.

Bank is having one associate Chaitanya Godavari Grameen Bank.

The consolidated financial statements are prepared on the basis of:

- 20.1. Audited Accounts of the parent bank (Union Bank of India)
- 20.2. Consolidation of Subsidiaries: Line by Line aggregation of the Income/Expenditure/ Assets/Liabilities of the subsidiaries with the respective line item of the parent bank, after eliminating all intra-group transactions, unrealized profits/loss in terms of AS 21 on Consolidated Financial Statements issued by Institute of Chartered Accountants of India (ICAI).
- 20.3. Consolidation of Associates: The Investment in Associate is accounted for consolidation as per Equity Method in terms of AS 23 on Accounting for Investments in Associates in Consolidated Financial Statement issued by Institute of Chartered Accountants of India (ICAI).
- 20.4. Consolidation of Joint Ventures: Line by Line consolidation is done with proportionate share in Joint Venture in terms of AS-27 on Financials Reporting in Interest of Joint Venture issued by Institute of Chartered Accountants of India (ICAI).





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SCHEDULE 18 - NOTES TO ACCOUNTS (STANDALONE):

DISCLOSURES IN TERMS OF THE RESERVE BANK OF INDIA GUIDELINES

1. REGULATORY CAPITAL

The Bank is subjected to Basel III capital adequacy guidelines stipulated by RBI with effect from April 1, 2013. The guidelines provide a transition schedule for Basel III implementation till Oct. 1, 2021. As per RBI Guidelines, Basel III has been completely implemented from Oct. 1, 2021. As per guidelines, the Tier I capital is made up of Common Equity Tier I (CET I) and Additional Tier I Capital (AT 1).

Basel III guidelines require the Bank to maintain minimum capital to Risk Weighted Assets ratio (CRAR) of 11.50% with minimum CET I of 8.00% and minimum Tier I CRAR of 9.50% (both inclusive of Capital Conservation Buffer of 2.50%) as at March 31, 2023.

During the year, the Bank has issued Basel III compliant Tier-2 bonds of ₹ 2,200 Crore & additional Tier-1 Bonds of ₹ 1,983 crore in tranches and exercised call option for redemption of Basel III compliant Tier-2 bonds of ₹ 2,300.00 crore & additional Tier-1 Bonds of ₹ 1,000.00 crore.

a) Composition of Regulatory Capital:

			(₹ in Crore)
Sr. No	Particulars	31.03.2023	31.03.2022
i.	Common Equity Tier 1 capital (CET 1) (net of deductions, if any)	71,491.90	58,048.85
ii.	Additional Tier 1 capital	8,985.99	8,539.83
iii.	Tier 1 capital (i + ii)	80,477.89	66,588.68
iv.	Tier 2 capital	12,300.56	12,692.32
۷.	Total capital (Tier 1+Tier 2)	92,778.45	79,281.00
vi.	Total Risk Weighted Assets (RWAs)	5,78,454.82	5,45,922.81
vii.	CET 1 Ratio (CET 1 as a percentage of RWAs)	12.36	10.63
viii.	Tier 1 Ratio (Tier 1 capital as a percentage of RWAs)	13.91	12.20
ix.	Tier 2 Ratio (Tier 2 capital as a percentage of RWAs)	2.13	2.32
Х.	Capital to Risk Weighted Assets Ratio (CRAR) (Total Capital as a percentage of RWAs)	16.04	14.52
xi.	Leverage Ratio	5.73	5.17
xii.	Percentage of the shareholding of a) Government of India b) State Government c) Sponsor Bank	83.49 	83.49
xiii.	Amount of paid-up equity capital raised during the year		1,447.17
xiv.	Amount of non-equity Tier 1 capital raised during the year, of which:		
	a) Basel III compliant Perpetual Non-Cumulative Preference Shares		
	b) Basel III compliant Perpetual Debt Instruments	1,983.00	5,000.00
XV.	Amount of Tier 2 capital raised during the year, of which		
	a) Perpetual Cumulative Preference Shares		
	b) Redeemable Non-Cumulative Preference Shares		
	c) Basel III compliant Redeemable non convertable tier II Bonds	2,200.00	2,000.00

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b) Draw down from Reserves

During the year 2022-23, the Bank has not drawn any amount from other reserves towards unamortized of Frauds. However, Bank has drawn ₹ 583.20 Crore from Investment Fluctuation Reserve.

2. ASSET LIABILITY MANAGEMENT

a) Maturity pattern of certain items of assets and liabilities

Current Year 2022-23

											(₹ in crore)
	Day 1	2-7 DAYS	8-14 DAYS	15-30 DAYS	31 days-2 months	>2-3 months	>3-6 months	>6 months-1 year	>1-3 years	>3-5 years	> 5 years	TOTAL
Deposits	16,719.54	24,897.19	17,582.29	15,386.37	27,291.25	46,680.66	82,771.68	1,63,434.74	1,61,274.09	80,204.10	4,81,474.41	1117716.32
Advances	19,713.45	31,128.05	23,916.23	49,224.70	18,235.92	31,896.75	50,852.13	54,002.81	3,36,508.35	47,328.90	99,038.17	7,61,845.46
Investments	87,469.35	10,712.95	888.30	2,993.82	5,506.13	17,324.42	5,710.88	8,220.90	68,822.45	17,556.16	1,14,093.69	3,39,299.05
Borrowings	963.24	8,333.29	4,085.78	1,996.21	572.85	254.44	2,123.29	3,610.00	2,310.97	1,996.06	16,891.33	43,137.47
Foreign Currency assets	5,317.26	5,843.41	1,016.52	10,915.50	3,748.05	3,259.63	13,035.32	5,403.49	11,913.15	9,366.84	187.01	70,006.19
Foreign Currency liabilities	4,984.28	1,553.01	998.49	2,717.99	2,947.61	4,647.05	3,478.54	3,586.05	8,792.19	6,039.50	315.07	40,059.79

Previous year 2021-22

>6 2-7 8-14 15-30 31 days-2 >2-3 >3-6 >1-3 >3-5 > 5 months-1 Day 1 TOTAL DAYS DAYS DAYS months months months years years vears year 15.505.37 1,47,057.37 4.59.566.76 1032392.63 Deposits 12.750.62 22,568.14 24.224.17 31.592.76 34.111.25 77.995.40 1.20.848.10 86.172.71 Advances 6,038.86 11,250.55 9.483.94 21,912.53 4,709.33 17,723.78 34,326.71 62,738.47 2,98,295.75 71,329.79 1,23,194.95 6,61,004.66 1,44,407.71 18,199.02 1,748.39 5,135.88 1,441.91 22,859.62 26,503.85 25,831.24 13,504.34 20,494.70 68,380.73 3,48,507.39 Investments Borrowings 803.30 778.30 602.84 1,132.91 831.74 1.104.87 1,713.57 5,643.17 19,676.78 3,676.24 15.215.38 51,179.10 5,975.17 Foreign 4.900.56 2,797,74 2.961.84 2.339.01 3.635.01 4.771.74 5.434.65 10,170.15 7,449,49 27.23 50.462.59 currency assets Foreian 2,921.98 927.90 1,638.95 1,650.41 1,661.87 3,276.05 3,395.36 5,638.17 6,322.48 6,492.50 265.12 34,190.79 currency liabilities

b) Liquidity Coverage Ratio

LCR aims to ensure that a bank maintains an adequate level of unencumbered High-Quality Liquid Assets (HQLAs) that can be converted into cash to meet its liquidity needs for a 30 calendar day time horizon under a significantly severe liquidity stress scenario specified by RBI.

LCR is the ratio of HQLA to Net Cash Outflow.

High Quality Liquid Assets (HQLA):

Liquid assets comprise of high quality assets that can be readily sold or used as collateral to obtain funds in a range of stress scenarios. They should be unencumbered i.e. without legal, regulatory or operational impediments. Assets are considered to be high quality liquid assets if they can be easily and immediately converted into cash at little or no loss of value. HQLA is categorized into two : a) Level 1 Assets, and b) Level 2 Assets. Level 2 Assets are further sub divided into Level 2A Assets & Level 2B Assets based on Liquidity & Price Volatility.

(₹ in crore)



Minimum requirement of LCR as stipulated by RBI is 100% for the calendar year 2019 onwards. LCR is applicable to bank's domestic operations as well as overseas operations.

Level 1 assets are stock of HQLA without any haircut. Level 1 Assets mainly comprise Cash including excess Cash Reserve Ratio (CRR), Excess SLR (Statutory Liquidity Ratio), Marginal Standing Facility (2% of Net Demand and Time Liability w.e.f. 01st January 2022) & FALLCR (16.00% of Net Demand and Time Liability).

A haircut of 15% is applied on current market value of Level 2A asset. Level 2A assets mainly comprise of securities with 20% risk weight. A 50% haircut is applied on current market value of Level 2B asset. Level 2B assets should not be more than 15% of the total stock of HQLA. Level 2B assets mainly comprise Securities with risk weights higher than 20% but not higher than 50%.

Net Cash Outflows

The total net cash outflows is defined as the total expected cash outflows minus total expected cash inflows. In order to determine cash outflows, the Bank, in terms of RBI guidelines, segregates its deposits into various customer segments, viz Retail (which include deposits from Natural Persons), Small Business Customers (those with total aggregated funding upto ₹ 7.5 crore) and deposits from Non Financial Customers (NFC) and Other Legal Entity Customers (OLE). Total expected cash inflows are calculated by multiplying the outstanding balances of various categories of contractual receivables by the rates at which they are expected to flow in, up to an aggregate cap of 75% of total expected cash outflows.

Brief about LCR of the Bank

The entities covered are Union Bank of India Ltd. And Union Bank of India UK Ltd. The Bank during the three months ended 31st March 2023 maintained average HQLA of ₹ 2,70,381 crores. Level 1 assets are the main drivers of HQLA for the bank. They contribute to 97% of the total stock of HQLA. Based on daily averages for the quarter ended 31st March 2023, Facility to avail Liquidity for Liquidity Coverage Ratio constitutes the highest portion to HQLA i.e. around 64% of the total HQLA. Level 2 assets which are lower in quality as compared to Level 1 assets, constitute 3% of the total stock of HQLA against maximum permissible level of 40%.

Bank's exposure is mainly in Indian Rupee. Unsecured wholesale funding constitute major portion of total funding sources. Retail deposits and deposits from small business customers contributed around 22% and 4% of the total weighted cash outflows, respectively. Deposits from non-financial corporates contributed around 43% of the total weighted cash outflows. The other contingent funding obligations primarily include bank guarantees (BGs) and letters of credit (LCs) issued on behalf of the Bank's clients. Inflows by various counterparties contribute around 77% of the total weighted cash inflows.

Bank has calculated LCR for all working days over the March 2023 quarter. The average of the daily observation of 66 data points is calculated. The average LCR for the quarter ended 31st March 2023 is 167.42% as against 157.20% for the quarter ended December 2022, and is well above the present minimum requirement prescribed by RBI of 100% for the calendar year 2023.

Quarter	June 2022	September 2022	December 2022	March 2023	FY 2022-23
LCR Ratio	177.23	176.29	157.20	167.42	169.45

Movement of Average LCR during Financial Year 2022-23

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antitative Disclosure

	March 2022	2022 Quarter	June	June 2022 Quarter	September 2	September 2022 quarter	December 2	December 2022 quarter	March	March 2023 quarter
	Total Unweighted Value	Total Weighted	Total Unweighted Value	Total Weighted Value	Total Unweighted Value	Total Weighted Value	Total Unweighted Value	Total Weighted Value	Total Unweighted Value	Total Weighted Value
	(Average)	value	(Average)	(Average)	(Average)	(Average)	(Average)	(Average)	(Average)	(Average)
High Quality Liquid Assets										
 Total High Quality Liquid Assets (HQLA) 	2,80,230.24	2,77,655.44	2,85,874.82	2,83,471.76	2,72,796.14	2,72,796.14 2,70,526.80	2,54,845.43	2,52,755.92	2,72,365.27	2,70,381.26
Cash Outflows										
2 Retail deposits and deposits from small business customers, of which:	6,14,334.98	47,119.13	6,25,940.05	48,160.84	6,31,943.26	48,711.45	6,36,133.95	49,080.23	6,46,869.46	49,883.30
(i) Stable deposits	2,86,287.44	14,314.37	2,88,663.30	14,433.17	2,89,657.58	14,482.88	2,90,663.22	14,533.16	2,96,072.85	14,803.64
(ii) Less stable deposits	3,28,047.54	32,804.75	3,37,276.75	33,727.67	3,42,285.68	34,228.57	3,45,470.73	34,547.07	3,50,796.61	35,079.66
3 Unsecured wholesale funding, of which:	2,00,598.22	1,01,620.62	2,06,251.79	1,03,380.30	2,00,358.09	2,00,358.09 1,01,590.06	2,15,331.51	1,10,366.55	2,43,570.32	1,20,721.42
(j) Operational deposits (all counterparties)	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	
(ii) Non-operational deposits (all counterparties)	2,00,598.22	1,01,620.62	2,06,251.79	1,03,380.30	2,00,358.09	1,01,590.06	2,15,331.51	1,10,366.55	2,43,570.32	1,20,721.42
(iii) Unsecured debt	00.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	00.0	0.00	00.0	0.00		
4 Secured wholesale funding	422.26	7.72	3,620.07	9.50	1,260.89	1.93	3,979.56	1	3,663.14	1
5 Additional requirements, of which	1,32,737.42	21,653.42	1,43,767.95	22,850.08	1,37,798.14	20,531.91	1,35,207.29	18,972.06	1,31,809.13	15,033.14
 Outflows related to derivative exposures and other collateral requirements 	27.26	27.26	20.31	20.31	44.51	44.51	75.97	75.97	79.02	79.02
(ii) Outflows related to loss of funding on debt products	1	I	1	1		I		I		
(iii) Credit and liquidity facilities	1,32,710.16	21,626.16	1,43,747.64	22,829.76	1,37,753.63	20,487.40	1,35,131.32	18,896.09	1,31,730.11	14,954.11
6 Other contractual funding obligations	3,201.84	3,201.84	3,710.09	3,710.09	3,620.63	3,620.63	2,971.14	2,971.14	3,609.33	3,609.33
7 Other contingent funding obligations	90,030.40	2,700.94	86,943.70	2,608.34	88,357.30	2,650.75	88,203.10	2,646.10	91,305.09	2,739.15
8 TOTAL CASH OUTFLOWS	10,41,325.12	1,76,303.67	10,70,233.64	1,80,719.15	10,63,338.31	1,77,106.72	10,81,826.55	1,84,036.09	11,20,826.48	1,91,986.34
Cash Inflows										
9 Secured lending (e.g reverse repos)	36,175.58	0.02	18,836.01	0.00	2,302.80	1	1,217.00	1	4,103.18	I
10 Inflows from fully performing exposures	18,458.03	13,489.62	21,684.25	16,347.74	24,872.09	17,871.82	25,867.34	18,316.49	32,328.30	23,567.09
11 Other cash inflows	4,499.09	4,499.09	4,427.01	4,427.01	5,782.78	5,782.78	4,938.06	4,938.06	6,917.47	6,917.47
12 TOTAL CASH INFLOWS	59,132.70	17,988.73	44,947.27	20,774.75	32,957.67	23,654.60	32,022.40	23,254.54	43,348.96	30,484.56
13 TOTAL HQLA		2,77,655.44		2,83,471.76		2,70,526.80		2,52,755.92		2,70,381.26
14 TOTAL NET CASH OUTFLOWS		1,58,314.93		1,59,944.41		1,53,452.12		1,60,781.54		1,61,501.78
15 LIQUIDITY COVERAGE RATIO (%)		175.38%		177.23%		176.29%		157.20%		167.42%

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(₹ in crore)

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c) Net Stable Funding Ratio (NSFR)

i) Qualitative Disclosure:

The objective of the Net Stable Funding Ratio (NSFR) is to promote the resilience of bank's liquidity risk profiles and to incentivize a more resilient banking sector over a longer time horizon. The NSFR will require banks to maintain a stable funding profile in the form of Capital & liabilities in relation to the composition of their assets and off-balance sheet activities.

NSFR is defined as the amount of available stable funding relative to the amount of required stable funding.

NSFR = Available Stable Funding (ASF) Required Stable Funding (RSF)

RBI issued the regulations on the implementation of the Net Stable Funding Ratio in May 2018 with minimum requirement of equal to at least 100%. The implementation is effective from 1st October, 2021. NSFR is applicable to Bank's domestic operations as well as overseas operations and computed at standalone and consolidated level.

Available Stable Funding (ASF) is defined as the portion of capital and liabilities expected to be reliable which is determined by various factor weights according to the nature and maturity of liabilities with liabilities having maturity of 1 year or more receiving 100 weight.

Required Stable Funding (RSF) is defined as the portion of on balance sheet and off-balance sheet exposures which requires to be funded on an ongoing basis. The amount of such stable funding required is a function of the liquidity characteristics and residual maturities of the various assets held.

Brief about NSFR of the Bank

The entities covered are Union Bank of India Ltd. And Union Bank of India UK Ltd. The main drivers of the Available Stable Funding (ASF) are the capital base, retail deposit base, and funding from non-financial companies and long-term funding from institutional clients. The capital base formed around 10%, retail deposits (including deposits from small sized business customers) formed 69% and wholesale funding formed 21% of the total Available Stable Funding, after applying the relevant weights.

The Required Stable Funding primarily comprised lending to corporates, retail clients and financial institutions which constituted 85% of the total RSF after applying the relevant weights. The stock of High-Quality Liquid Assets which majorly includes cash and reserve balances with the RBI, government debt issuances attracted no or low amount of stable funding due to their high quality and liquid characteristic. Accordingly, the HQLA constituted only 2% of the Required Stable Funding after applying the relevant weights. Other assets and Contingent funding obligations, such as committed credit facilities, guarantees and letters of credit constituted 13% of the Required Stable Funding.

Bank has maintained comfortable stable funding buffers with Available Stable Funding at consolidated level of ₹9,42,399 Crores against ₹6,76,671 Crores of Required Stable Funding, resulting in a consolidated NSFR of 139.27% as on 31st March, 2023.

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NSFR Disclosure Template-Consolidated,March,2023

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•		Unw	eighted value by	residual maturi	ty	
Sr. No.	Details	No maturity	< 6 months	6 months to < 1yr	≥ 1yr	Weighted value
	ASF Item			· ·		
1 2	Capital: (2+3)	73472.52	0.00	2000.00	18565.48	92038.00
2	Regulatory capital	73472.52	0.00	0.00	927.48	74400.00
3	Other capital instruments	0.00	0.00	2000.00	17638.00	17638.00
4	Retail deposits and deposits from small business customers: (5+6)	326162.46	113777.94	260622.47	2539.51	646702.81
5	Stable deposits	40994.80	29833.11	202307.84	1869.82	261348.79
6	Less stable deposits	285167.66	83944.83	58314.64	669.69	385354.02
7	Wholesale funding: (8+9)	74748.93	154529.84	173378.83	14931.52	200097.63
8	Operational deposits	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
9	Other wholesale funding	74748.93	154529.84	173378.83	14931.52	200097.63
10	Other liabilities: (11+12)	47026.01	18329.10	1610.00	3560.37	3560.37
11	NSFR derivative liabilities	32.74	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
12	All other liabilities and equity not included in the above categories	46993.27	18329.10	1610.00	3560.37	3560.37
13	Total ASF (1+4+7+10)					942399.71
14	RSF Item Total NSFR high-quality liquid assets					15865.86
15	(HQLA) Deposits held at other financial	53.84	0.00	0.00	0.00	26.49
	institutions for operational purposes					
16	Performing loans and securities: (17+18+19+21+23)	1330.58	154093.90	61825.48	635915.07	576113.75
17	Performing loans to financial institutions secured by Level 1 HQLA	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
18	Performing loans to financial institutions secured by non-Level 1 HQLA and	0.00	81215.04	15206.23	19712.90	34141.10
19	unsecured performing loans to financial institutions Performing loans to non- financial corporate	0.00	67617.10	39686.95	506522.55	458900.37
	clients, loans to retail and small business customers, and loans to sovereigns, central banks and PSEs, of which:	0.00	0/01/10	0,000.20	000022.00	100700.07
20	With a risk weight of less than or equal to 35% under the Basel II Standardised Approach for credit risk	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
21	Performing residential mortgages, of which:	0.00	62.09	186.77	80496.34	52447.05
22	With a risk weight of less than or equal to 35% under the Basel II Standardised Approach for credit risk	0.00	62.09	186.77	80496.34	52447.05
23	Securities that are not in default and do not qualify as HQLA, including exchange-traded equities	1330.58	5199.67	6745.54	29183.29	30625.23
24	Other assets: (sum of rows 25 to 29)	65903.32	14408.88	0.00	1261.18	75473.33
25	Physical traded commodities, including gold	0.00				0.00
26	Assets posted as initial margin for derivative contracts and contributions to default funds of CCPs		3040.96	0.00	0.00	2584.82
27	NSFR derivative assets		0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
28	NSFR derivative liabilities before deduction of variation margin posted		80.96	0.00	0.00	80.96
29	All other assets not included in the above categories	65903.32	11286.96	0.00	1261.18	72807.56
30	Off-balance sheet items		221871.20	0.00	0.00	9191.06
31	Total RSF (14+15+16+24+30)		2210/1.20	0.00	0.00	676671.20
51						0/00/1.20

Union Bank of India

(₹ in crore)







NSFR Disclosure Consolidated, March, 2022

	R Disclosure Consolidated, March, 2022	Unw	eighted value by	residual maturi	ty	(₹ in crore)
Sr. No.	Details	No maturity	< 6 months	6 months to < 1yr	≥ 1yr	Weighted value
-	ASF Item		500.00	0.000.00	14 017 05	00 100 60
1 2 3	Capital: (2+3)	65,865.83	500.00	2,800.00	16,317.85	82,183.68
2	Regulatory capital	65,865.83	0.00	0.00	862.85	66,728.68
<u>3</u> 4	Other capital instruments	0.00	500.00	2800.00	15,455.00	15,455.00 6,15,904.72
	Retail deposits and deposits from small business customers: (5+6)	3,06,015.13	1,23,377.43	1,12,229.03	1,18,948.30	
5 6	Stable deposits	1,57,204.34	16,642.91	16,092.51	19,955.67	2,00,398.44
6	Less stable deposits	1,48,810.80	1,06,734.52	96,136.52	98,992.63	4,15,506.28
7	Wholesale funding: (8+9)	71,238.13	1,52,239.14	1,04,620.69	45,879.68	1,88,062.72
8 9	Operational deposits	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	Other wholesale funding	71,238.13	1,52,239.14	1,04,620.69	45,879.68	1,88,062.72
10	Other liabilities: (11+12)	38,317.01	6,967.54	4,843.17	20,613.39	20,613.39
11	NSFR derivative liabilities	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
12	All other liabilities and equity not included in the above categories	38,317.01	6,967.54	4,843.17	20,613.39	20,613.39
13	Total ASF (1+4+7+10) RSF Item					9,06,764.50
14	Total NSFR high-quality liquid assets (HQLA)					15,873.09
15	Deposits held at other financial institutions for operational purposes	39.04	0.00	0.00	0.00	19.52
16	Performing loans and securities: (17+18+19+21+23)	2,238.58	1,71,639.17	36,535.76	5,58,433.59	5,05,993.64
17	Performing loans to financial institutions	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
18	secured by Level 1 HQLA Performing loans to financial institutions	0.00	97,166.19	1,253.47	24,561.57	28,446.79
	secured by non-Level 1 HQLA and unsecured performing loans to financial institutions					
19	Performing loans to non- financial corporate clients, loans to retail and small business customers, and loans to sovereigns, central banks and PSEs, of	0.00	70,851.92	28,600.27	4,25,903.02	3,89,150.15
20	which:With a risk weight of less than or equalto 35% under the Basel II Standardised	0.00	40,631.05	3,716.58	1,12,683.89	95,418.35
21	Approach for credit risk Performing residential mortgages, of	0.00	53.30	127.95	59,707.96	38,900.80
22	which: With a risk weight of less than or equal	0.00	53.30	127.95	59,707.96	38,900.80
	to 35% under the Basel II Standardised Approach for credit risk				·	
23	Securities that are not in default and do not qualify as HQLA, including exchange-traded equities	2,238.58	3,567.75	6,554.07	48,261.04	49,495.90
24	Other assets: (sum of rows 25 to 29)	78,600.04	11,828.54	0.00	1,996.47	07 270 54
24 25	Physical traded commodities, including	0.00	11,828.94	0.00	1,990.47	<u>87,378.54</u> 0.00
26	gold Assets posted as initial margin for		2,012.38	0.00	0.00	1,710.52
20	derivative contracts and contributions to default funds of CCPs		2,012.00	0.00	0.00	1,710.02
27	NSFR derivative assets		173.75	0.00	0.00	173.75
28	NSFR derivative liabilities before deduction of variation margin posted		87.04	0.00	0.00	87.04
29	All other assets not included in the above categories	78,600.04	9,555.37	0.00	1,996.47	85,407.22
30	Off-balance sheet items		1,17,104.57	0.00	0.00	5,855.23
31	Total RSF (14+15+16+24+30)		1,17,104.07	0.00	0.00	6,15,120.01
32	Net Stable Funding Ratio (%)					147.41%

3. Investments

a) Composition of investment portfolio

As at 31.03.2023

AS 81 31.03.2023												,
			II	Investments in India	ndia				Investments outside India	utside Indi	a	Total
	Government Securities	Other Approved Securities	Shares	Debentures and Bonds	Subsidiaries and/or joint ventures	Others	Total investments in India	Government securities (including local authorities)	Subsidiaries and/or joint ventures	Others	Total investments outside India	Investments
Held to maturity												
Gross	2,22,125.35	'		52,161.68	393.80	3,998.21	2,78,679.04	•	1,148.71	0.40	1,149.11	2,79,828.15
Less: Provision for non-performing investments (NPI)	1	•	1	(200.00)	(5.00)	I	(205.00)	1	(3.11)		(3.11)	(208.11)
Net	2,22,125.35	1	1	51,961.68	388.80	3,998.21	2,78,474.04	•	1,145.60	0.40	1,146.00	2,79,620.04
Available for Sale												
Gross	37,798.39	•	5,007.44	13,388.83	1	8,994.58	65,189.24	1,739.88	1	45.37	1,785.25	66,974.49
Less: Provision for depreciation & NPI	1	1	(2,966.26)	(2,221.01)	1	(2,437.08)	(7,624.35)	(10.80)	1	(12.21)	(23.01)	(7,647.36)
Net	37,798.39	•	2,041.18	11,167.82	1	6,557.50	57,564.89	1,729.08	T	33.16	1,762.24	59,327.13
Held for trading												
Gross	327.82	•	0.15	24.00	1	•	351.97	1	T	1		351.97
Less: Provision for depreciation & NPI	1	1	1	(0.08)		•	(0.08)	1	1	1		(0.08)
Net	327.82	I	0.15	23.92	I	I	351.89	1	I	I		351.89
Total Investments	2,60,251.56	1	5,007.59	65,574.51	393.80	12,992.79	3,44,220.25	1,739.88	1,148.71	45.77	2,934.36	3,47,154.61
Less: Provision for NPI	1	•	•	(200.00)	(5.00)	•	(205.00)	1	(3.11)	1	(3.11)	(208.11)
Less: Provision for depreciation & NPI	•	•	(2,966.26)	(2,221.09)	1	(2,437.08)	(7,624.43)	(10.80)	-	(12.21)	(23.01)	(7,647.44)
Net	2,60,251.56	0.00	2,041.33	63.153.42	388.80	10.555.71	3.36.390.82	1,729,08	1.145.60	33.56	2.908.24	3 39 299 06

Note:

Note: 1. Provision provided in Subsidiaries and/or Joint Venture (in India & outside India) is on account of Standard MTM and not NPI.

2. Provision for Non-performing investments includes only Held to Maturity Category.

3. Provision for depreciation and NPI includes Available for sale and Held for Trading Category.

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			<u>ء</u>	Investments in India	ndia				Investments outside India	utside Indi	D	Total
	Government Securities	Other Approved Securities	Shares	Debentures and Bonds	Subsidiaries and/or joint ventures	Others	Total investments in India	Government securities (including local authorities)	Subsidiaries and/or joint ventures	Others	Total investments outside India	Investments
Held to maturity												
Gross	1,99,238.04	•	59.71	56,762.49	343.61	346.90	2,56,750.75	1	1,148.71	0.40	1,149.11	2,57,899.86
Less: Provision for non-performing investments (NPI)	1	I	I	(80.00)	(5.00)	1	(85.00)	1	(1.43)	I	(1.43)	(86.43)
Net	1,99,238.04	1	59.71	56,682.49	338.61	346.90	2,56,665.75	1	1,147.28	0.40	1,147.68	2,57,813.43
Available for sale												
Gross	65,341.29	1	5,085.76	14,182.17	1	10,908.61	95,517.83	1,640.39	•	45.62	1,686.01	97,203.84
Less: Provision for depreciation & NPI	•		(2,840.17)	(1,481.55)	1	(1,742.43)	(6,064.15)	(30.20)	•	1	(30.20)	(6,094.35)
Net	65,341.29	'	2,245.59	12,700.62	•	9,166.18	89,453.68	1,610.19	'	45.62	1,655.81	91,109.49
Held for trading												
Gross	(415.53)	1	1	1	I	1	(415.53)	1	•	1	•	(415.53)
Less: Provision for depreciation & NPI	•	1	I	I	T	1	0.00	1	•	I	1	
Net	(415.53)	-	-	-	T	•	(415.53)		'	1	'	(415.53)
Total Investments	2,64,163.80	'	5,145.47	70,944.66	343.61	11,255.51	3,51,853.04	1,640.39	1,148.71	46.02	2,835.12	3,54,688.16
Less: Provision for NPI	•		1	(80.00)	(5.00)	1	(85.00)	1	(1.43)	1	(1.43)	(86.43)
Less: Provision for depreciation & NPI	1	I	(2,840.17)	(1,481.55)	I	(1,742.43)	(6,064.15)	(30.20)	1	I	(30.20)	(6,094.35)
Net	2,64,163.80	00.0	2,305.30	69,383.11	338.61	9,513.08	3,45,703.90	1,610.19	1,147.28	46.02	2,803.49	3,48,507.39
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Note: 1. Provision provided in Subsidiaries and/or Joint Venture (in India & outside India) is on account of Standard MTM and not NPI.

Provision for Non-performing investments includes only Held to Maturity Category.
 Provision for depreciation and NPI includes Available for sale and Held for Trading Category.

(₹ in crore)







Strategy, Model & Capitals







b) Movements of Provisions for Depreciation and Investment Fluctuation Reserve

			(₹ in Crore)
	Particulars	2022-23	2021-22
i)	Movement of provisions held towards depreciation on investments		
	a) Opening Balance	6,180.78	6,227.42
	b) Add: Provisions made during the year	2,119.77	631.43
	c) Less: Write off / Write back of excess provisions during the year	444.98	678.07
	d) Closing Balance	7,855.57	6,180.78
ii)	Movement of Investment Fluctuation Reserve		
	a) Opening Balance	1,936.16	1,279.29
	b) Add: Amount transferred during the year		656.87
	c) Less: Drawdown	583.20	0.00
	d) Closing Balance	1,352.96	1,936.16
iii)	Closing balance in IFR as a percentage of closing balance of investments in AFS and HFT/Current category	2.00	2.00
iv)	Movement of Investment Reserve		
	a) Opening Balance		
	b) Add: Amount transferred during the year	176.90	
	c) Less: Drawdown		
	a) Closing Balance	176.90	

During the FY 2022-23, Investment Reserve has been created since the bank is currently maintaining excess provision in AFs and HFT categories to the tune of ₹ 362.56 Crore and the amount has been transferred net of taxes & transfer to Statutory Reserve.

c) Sale and transfers to/from HTM category

The Bank has not made sales and transfers to/from HTM category during the financial year 2022 - 23 exceeding 5 per cent of the book value of investments held in HTM category at the beginning of the year. The 5 per cent threshold to above will exclude:

- i. The one-time transfer of securities to/from HTM category with the approval of Board of Directors permitted to be undertaken by banks at the beginning of the accounting year.
- ii. Direst sale from HTM for bringing down SLR holding in HTM category consequent to a downward revision in SLR requirements by RBI.
- iii. Sale to Reserve Bank of India under liquidity management operations of RBI like Open Market Operations (OMO) and the Government securities acquisition programme (GSAP).
- iv. Repurchase of Government Securities by Government of India from banks under buyback / switch operations.
- v. Repurchase of State Development Loans by respective state governments under buyback / switch operations.
- vi. Additional shifting of securities explicitly permitted by the Reserve Bank of India





d) Non-SLR investment portfolio

i) Non-performing non-SLR investments

			(₹ in Crore)
S. no.	Particulars	2022-23	2021-22
a)	Opening Balance	4,431.69	4,811.06
b)	Additions during the year since 1 st April	1,910.06	566.54
c)	Reductions during the above period	416.15	945.91
d)	Closing balance	5,925.60	4,431.69
e)	Total provisions held	5,737.00	4,036.84

ii) Issuer composition of non-SLR investments

The issuer composition of investments in securities, other than Government and other approved securities is given below:

	(₹ in crore)										
SI. no.	Amount		Priv	Extent of Extent of Private Investmen Placement Securit		nt Grade Unrated		ated	Extent of Unlisted Securities		
		2022-23	2021-22	2022-23	2021-22	2022-23	2021-22	2022-23	2021-22	2022-23	2021-22
a)	PSUs	4,193.09	4,087.05	1,418.66	1,170.10			3,080.52	3,197.29	0.58	22.83
b)	Fls	4,046.13	2,680.13	1,765.47	595.68			-			
c)	Banks	2,816.78	2,057.83	2,177.16	1,850.15			5.00			
d)	Private Corporate	24,269.13	29,301.27	20,609.27	24,005.23	20.00	456.28	448.37	413.54	126.16	138.94
e)	Subsidiaries/ Joint Ventures	1,542.52	1,492.32	1,542.52	1,492.32	-		-			
f)	Others	50,035.42	50,905.77	46,481.31	47,310.71			-			
g)	Provision held towards depreciation	(7,855.57)	(6,180.78)			-		-		-	
	TOTAL	79,047.49	84,343.59	73,994.39	76,424.19	20.00	456.28	3,533.89	3,610.83	126.74	161.77

e) Repo Transactions (in face value terms)

The following tables set forth for the periods indicated, the details of securities sold and purchased under repo and reverse repo transactions respectively including transactions under Liquidity Adjustment Facility (LAF) and Marginal Standing Facility (MSF).

					(₹ in crore)
	Particulars	Minimum outstanding during the year	outstanding		Outstanding as on 31.03.2023
i)	Securities sold under Repo				
	a) Government securities	14,129.54	21,902.81	15,874.76	14,509.54
	b) Corporate debt securities				
	c) Any other securities	10.33	10.33	10.33	10.33
ii)	Securities purchased under Reverse Repo				
	a) Government securities	255.00	60,605.07	6,067.94	763.49
	b) Corporate debt securities				
	c) Any other securities				

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- f) Profit of ₹ 193.77 Crore (previous year ₹ 2,120.13 crore) on sale of "Held to Maturity" category securities have been taken to profit and loss account initially.
- g) In respect of "Held to Maturity" category, the excess of acquisition cost over face value of the securities amortized during the year amounted to ₹ 723.50 crore (previous year ₹ 719.79 Crore).
- h) Total investments made in shares, convertible debentures and units of equity linked mutual funds / venture capital funds and also advances against shares aggregate to ₹ 2,353.41 crore (previous year ₹ 2,523.77 crore).

4. Asset Quality

a) Classification of advances and provisions held

						(₹ in crore)
	Standard		Non-perfe	orming		
FY 2022-23	Total Standard Advances	Sub-standard	Doubtful	Loss	Total Non- Performing Advances	Total
Gross Standard Advances and NPAs						
Opening Balance	6,36,820.81	11,040.55	49,449.47	19,097.04	79,587.07	7,16,407.87
Add: Additions during the year					12,518.60	12,518.60
Less: Reductions during the year*					31,118.38	31,118.38
Closing balance	7,48,918.02	7,118.16	34,950.72	18,918.41	60,987.29	8,09,905.31
*Reductions in Gross NPAs due to:					31,118.38	31,118.38
i) Upgradation					4,666.03	4,666.03
ii) Recoveries (excluding recoveries from upgraded accounts)					7,277.35	7,277.35
iii) Technical/ Prudential Write-offs					16,805.74	16,805.74
iv) Write-offs other than those under (iii) above					2,369.26	2,369.26
Provisions (excluding Floating Provisions)						
Opening balance of provisions held	6,566.77	2,377.63	33,650.81	18,628.10	54,656.53	61,223.30
Add: Fresh provisions made during the year					12,478.97	12,478.97
Less: Excess provision reversed/ Write-off loans	987.21				19,506.32	20,493.53
Closing balance of provisions held	5,579.56	1,892.61	27,035.25	18,701.32	47,629.18	53,208.74
Amount kept in Sundry Deposits-ECGC Claim received/Recovery in suit filed accounts/ sacrifice in restructured NPA accounts					430.68	430.68
Net NPAs						
Opening Balance		8,659.30	15,524.13	119.87	24,303.30	24,303.30
Add: Fresh additions during the year					12,048.29	
Less: Reductions during the year					23,424.15	
Closing Balance		5,199.52	7,727.92	0.00	12,927.44	12,927.44
Floating Provisions						
Opening balance						Nil
Add: Fresh provisions made during the year						Nil
Less: Amount draw down during the year						Nil
Closing balance of floating provisions						Nil

Closing Balance







	Standard	Standard Non-performing				
FY 2022-23	Total Standard Advances	Sub-standard	Doubtful	Loss	Total Non- Performing Advances	Total
Technical write-offs and the recoveries made thereon						
Opening Balance of Technical write-offs/ Prudential written off accounts						68,680.43
Add: Technical/Prudential write-off during the year						16,805.73
Less: Recoveries made from previously Technical/Prudential written-off accounts during the year						12,693.64
Closing Balance						72,792.52

						(₹ in crore)
	Standard		Non-per	forming		
FY 2021-22	Total Standard Advances	Sub-standard	Doubtful	Loss	Total Non- Performing Advances	Total
Gross Standard Advances and NPAs						
Opening Balance	5,63,896.13	13,489.56	50,540.50	25,758.14	89,788.20	6,53,684.33
Add: Additions during the year					22,877.39	22,877.39
Less: Reductions during the year*					33,078.53	33,078.53
Closing balance	6,36,820.81	11,040.55	49,449.47	19,097.04	79,587.07	7,16,407.87
*Reductions in Gross NPAs due to:					33,078.53	33,078.53
i) Upgradation					7,742.82	7,742.82
ii) Recoveries (excluding recoveries from upgraded accounts)					5,851.28	5,851.28
iii) Technical/ Prudential Write-offs					18,025.70	18,025.70
iv) Write-offs other than those under (iii) above					1,458.73	1,458.73
Provisions (excluding Floating Provisions)						
Opening balance of provisions held	5,112.97	2,272.67	34,896.24	24,679.04	61,847.95	66,960.92
Add: Fresh provisions made during the year					11,919.46	11,919.46
Less: Excess provision reversed/ Write-off loans					19,110.88	19,110.88
Closing balance of provisions held	6,566.77	2,377.63	33,650.81	18,628.10	54,656.53	61,223.30
Amount kept in Sundry Deposits-ECGC Claim restructured NPA accounts/floating provision	received/Recov	ery in suit filed a	accounts/sacrif	îce in	522.65	522.6
Net NPAs					I	
Opening Balance		11,197.34	15,165.99	917.19	27,280.52	27,280.52
Add: Fresh additions during the year					10,986.46	10,986.4
Less: Reductions during the year					13,963.68	13,963.68
	4					

8,659.30

15,524.13

119.87

24,303.30

24,303.30









(₹ in crore)

	Standard	d Non-performing				
FY 2021-22	Total Standard Advances	Sub-standard	Doubtful	Loss	Total Non- Performing Advances	Total
Floating Provisions						
Opening balance						306.20
Add: Fresh provisions made during the year						
Less: Amount draw down during the year						306.20
Closing balance of floating provisions						Nil
Technical write-offs and the recoveries made thereon						
Opening Balance of Technical write-offs/ Prudential written off accounts						55,877.88
Add: Technical / Prudential write-off during the year						17,611.07
Less: Recoveries made from previously Technical / Prudential written-off accounts during the year						4,808.52
Closing Balance						68,680.43

Ratios (in per cent)	2022-23	2021-22
Gross NPA to Gross Advances	7.53	11.11
Net NPA to Net Advances	1.70	3.68
Provision coverage ratio	90.34	83.61

b) Sector-wise Advances and Gross NPAs

(₹ in crore)

			2022-23			2021-22	
Sr. No.	Sector	Outstanding Total Advances	Gross NPA	Percentage of Gross NPAs to total Advances in that sector	Outstanding Total Advances	Gross NPAs	Percentage of Gross NPAs to total Advances in that sector
i)	Priority Sector						
a)	Agriculture and allied activities	1,43,493.24	13,691.94	9.54	1,24,395.26	13,543.61	10.89
b)	Advances to industries sector eligible as priority sector lending	39,428.37	5,576.86	14.14	39,765.31	8,167.11	20.54
c)	Services	85,855.21	10,104.78	11.77	75,149.63	13,349.25	17.76
d)	Personal loans	38,088.39	2,808.90	7.37	39,275.53	2,098.46	5.34
	Sub-total (i)	3,06,865.21	32,182.48	10.49	2,78,585.73	37,158.43	13.34
ii)	Non Priority Sector						
a)	Agriculture and allied activities	7,736.63	1,117.94	14.45	8,696.56	1,863.22	21.42
b)	Industry	1,08,328.10	10,001.65	9.23	1,43,378.04	20,574.40	14.35
c)	Services	1,89,560.91	9,178.30	4.84	1,65,324.21	13,950.23	8.44
d)	Personal loans	1,97,414.46	8,506.92	4.31	1,20,423.35	6,040.79	5.02
	Sub-total (ii)	5,03,040.10	28,804.81	5.73	4,37,822.16	4,24,28.64	9.69
	Total (i+ii)	8,09,905.31	60,987.29	7.53	7,16,407.88	79,587.07	11.11





Details of industry wherein Sub-sector advances is more than 10% of the total advances of industry sector:

	Industry		2022-23	
Sr. No.	Sector	Outstanding Total Advances	Gross NPA	Percentage of Gross NPAs to total Advances in that sector
Ι	Basic Metals AND Metal Products	25,124.64	1,689.75	6.73%
П	Infra	94,202.45	7,569.17	8.04%

	Industry		2021-22	
Sr. No.	Sector	Outstanding Total Advances	Gross NPA	Percentage of Gross NPAs to total Advances in that sector
I	Basic Metals & Metal products	16,014	4,557	28.46
II	Construction	40,734	8,898	21.84
	Food manufacturing & processing	18,758	5,101	27.19

c) OVERSEAS ASSETS, NPAs AND REVENUE

		(₹ in crore)
Particulars	31.03.2023	31.03.2022
Total Assets	31,540.79	26,418.31
Total NPAs	2,357.98	2,265.25
Total Revenue	1,096.75	426.24

d) Particulars of resolution plan and restructuring under RBI circular DBR.No..BP.BC.45/21.04.048/2018-19 dated June 7, 2019:

			(₹ in crore)
Particulars	No. of accounts	Investment value	Provision Held
i) Debt converted into Equity Based on RBI June 2019 Circular	6	104.77	54.25

ii) Details of accounts subjected to restructuring

,			,		5						(₹ in crore)
			ture and ctivities	Corporates MSN	·	and M Enter	, Small edium prises ME)	agricult	excluding ture and ME)	Tot	tal
Standard		Mar-23	Mar-22	Mar-23	Mar-22	Mar-23	Mar-22	Mar-23	Mar-22	Mar-23	Mar-22
	Number of borrowers	3,108	6,883	26	32	46,871	1,05,979	56,303	70,032	1,06,308	1,82,926
	Gross Amount	223.74	332.44	6,638.44	9,246.36	3,335.35	5,707.11	8,185.46	9,533.55	18,383.00	24,819.45
	Provision held	21.29	32.64	397.38	673.44	290.72	435.10	786.35	949.69	1,495.75	2,090.87
Substandard	Number of borrowers	1,308	579		2	23,973	34,772	3,802	3,088	29,083	38,441
	Gross Amount	38.46	14.45		72.94	639.22	1,008.81	359.88	298.33	1,037.56	1,394.52
	Provision held	5.86	2.24		13.15	100.31	160.32	55.12	46.61	161.28	222.32









											(₹ in crore)
		Agricult allied a	ture and ctivities	Corporates MSI	· ·	and M	Small edium prises ME)	agricul	excluding ture and ME)	То	tal
Doubtful	Number of borrowers	1,479	1,224	17	67	47,300	21,852	2,718	1,202	51,514	24,345
	Gross Amount	92.52	207.61	1,787.82	10,144.05	1,748.85	2,032.77	230.10	153.34	3,859.30	12,537.77
	Provision held	78.07	172.95	985.82	8,817.41	873.33	1,349.91	117.60	88.94	2,054.82	10,429.20
Loss	Number of borrowers	101	54	13	59	3,449	2,144	4,588	1814	8,151	4071
	Gross Amount	49.00	171.34	2,149.74	6,972.99	184.16	564.96	146.99	89.14	2,529.88	7,798.43
	Provision held	49.00	171.31	2,149.74	6,968.74	182.01	567.01	146.99	89.00	2,527.73	7,796.06
Total	Number of borrowers	5,996	8,740	56	160	1,21,593	1,64,747	67,411	76,136	1,95,056	2,49,783
	Gross Amount	403.72	725.83	10,576.00	26,436.34	5,907.58	9,313.65	8,922.44	10,074.36	25,809.74	46,550.18
	Provision held	154.22	379.13	3,532.94	16,472.75	1,446.37	2,512.33	1,106.06	1,174.23	6,239.58	20,538.45

e) Divergence is asset classification and provisioning

No disclosure on divergence in asset classification and provisioning for NPAs is required with respect to RBI's supervisory process for the year ended March 31, 2022, based on the conditions mentioned in RBI circular No. RBI/2022-23/130 DOR.ACC.REC.No.74/21.04.018/2022-23 dated October 11, 2022.

f) Disclosure of transfer of loan exposure:

- i) The Bank has not transferred any loans not in default during FY 2022-23.
- ii) Details of loans not in default acquired through assignment are given below:

		(₹ in crore)
Particulars	2022-23	2021-22
Aggregate Amount of Loans acquired	2772.99	1,962.42
Weighted average residual maturity (in months)	74.59	144.00
Weighted average holding period by originator (in months)	12.47	20.42
Retention of beneficial economic interest by the originator	10.00%	10.00%
Tangible Security Coverage	72.13%	273.96%

The loans acquired are not rated as these are to Non-corporate Borrowers.

- iii) The Bank has not acquired any non-performing assets during FY 2022-23.
- iv) Details of non-performing loans transferred are given below:

FY 2022-23	FY 2022-23(Amount in ₹ crore)				
Particulars	To ARCs	To permitted transferees	To other transferees (please specify)		
No. of accounts	10				
Aggregate principal outstanding of loans transferred	3,248.82		NIT		
Weighted average residual tenor of the loans transferred (months)	119.42	Nil			
Net book value of loans transferred (at the time of transfer)	Nil	INII	Nil		
Aggregate consideration	1,472.76				
Additional consideration realized in respect of accounts transferred in earlier years	45.09				







FY 2021-22

(Amount in ₹ crore)

Particulars	To ARCs	To permitted transferees	To other transferees (please specify)	
No. of accounts	8			
Aggregate principal outstanding of loans transferred	1,181.38			
Weighted average residual tenor of the loans transferred	Nil			
Net book value of loans transferred (at the time of transfer)	108.59	Nil	Nil	
Aggregate consideration	623.60			
Additional consideration realized in respect of accounts transferred in earlier years	28.52			

v) Distribution of the SRs held across the various categories of Recovery Ratings assigned to such SRs by the credit rating agencies as on 31st March, 2023 are as under:

Recovery Rating Band	Book Value (₹ in crore)			
	As on 31.03.2023	As on 31.03.2022		
RR1+	222.25	12.33		
RR1	384.06	878.44		
RR2	186.16	303.07		
RR3	53.27	148.63		
RR4	181.07	382.41		
RR5	391.09	376.79		
RR6		25.30		
Unrated	815.86	78.23		
Total	2,233.76	2,205.20		

During the FY ending 31st March, 2023, two new SRs to the tune of ₹ 342.68 Crore have been added in the portfolio and 100% provision has been made on the book value of the Security Receipts.

g) Fraud Accounts

		(₹ in crore)
Particulars	31.03.2023	31.03.2022
Number of frauds reported	366	638
Amount involved in fraud	5,504.38	3,942.37
Amount outstanding in fraud	5,418.30	3,674.70
Amount of Provision made for such frauds	5,418.30	3,554.83
Amount of Unamortized Provision debited from "other reserve" as at the end of Year	0.00	119.87







b) Details of resolution plan implemented under Resolution framework for Covid 19 related stress as per RBI circular dtd.
 6th August 2020 and 5th May, 2021 are as below:

					(₹ in crore)
Type of borrower	(A) Exposure to accounts classified as standard consequent to implementation of resolution plan- position as at 30.09.21 (A)	(B) of (A) aggregate debt that slipped into NPA during the half-year	(C) Of (A), Amount written off during the half year	(D) Of (A) amount paid by the borrower during the half year	(E) Exposure to accounts classified as standard consequent to implementation of resolution plan- position as at 31.03.2022
Personal Loans	8467.55	248.64	0.00	504.10	7714.81
Corporate persons	3924.88	30.93	0.00	157.85	3736.10
Of which, MSMEs	270.18	30.93	0.00	20.76	218.49
Others	251.17	27.47	0.00	16.36	207.34
Total	12,643.60	307.04	-	678.31	11,658.25

In terms of RBI Circular No. DBR.BP.BC.18/21.04.048/2018-19 dated 1st January, 2019, DOR.No. BP.BC.34/21.04.048/2019-20 dated 11th February, 2020, DOR.No.BP.BC/4/21.04.048/2020-21 dated 6th August, 2020 and DOR.STR.REC.12/21.04.048/2021-22 dated 5th May, 2021 on "Restructuring of Advances – Micro, Small & Medium Enterprises (MSME) Sector (One Time Restructuring)", the Bank has restructured the MSME borrower accounts as under:

No of Accounts restructured	₹ in Crore
1,21,122	5,052.85

j) In terms of RBI circular no. DOR.STR.REC.11/21.04.048/2021-22 dated 05.05.2021 under Resolution Framework 2.0 for Individuals & Small Business, the details are as under:

Sector	Position as of 31.03.2023			
Sector	No. of borrowers	Amount in ₹ crore		
Personal & Small Business	42,860	5,914.65		
Agri/Allied	4,997	269.71		
Total	47,857	6,184.36		

 k) In terms of RBI Circular DBR.No.BP.BC.45/21.04.048/2018-19 dated 7th June, 2019 on Prudential Framework for Resolution of Stressed Assets, the bank is holding provision as on 31st March, 2023 in 16 accounts as detailed below:

				(₹ in crore)
Amount of loans impacted by RBI circular	Amount of loans to be classified as NPA	Amount of loans as on 31.03.2023 out of (B) classified as NPA	Provisions required for loans covered under RBI circular out of (A)	Provision held on 31.03.2023
(A)	(B)	(C)	(D)	(E)
4,003.90	2,588.58	2,588.58	678.09	678.09

As per RBI circular No. DBR No. BP. 15199/21.04.048/2016-17 and DBR No. BP. 1906/21.04.048/2016-17 dated June 23, 2017 and August 28, 2017 respectively, for the accounts covered under the provisions of the Insolvency and Bankruptcy Code (IBC), the Bank has made a total provision of ₹ 10,568.54 Crore (including Technically Written Off accounts of ₹ 10,510.66 crore) covering 100% of the total outstanding as on 31st March, 2023.







5. EXPOSURES

a) Exposure to Real Estate Sector

			(₹ in crore)
Sr. No.	Category	31.03.2023	31.03.2022
i)	Direct exposure	99,387.40	91,038.56
a)	Residential Mortgages - Lending fully secured by mortgages on residential property that is or will be occupied by the borrower or that is rented;	84,322.00	76,189.00
	- Out of the above, individual housing loan eligible for inclusion in Priority Sector Advances	32,831.00	34,702.00
b)	Commercial Real Estate – lending secured by mortgages on commercial real estates (office buildings, retail space, multi-purpose commercial premises, multi-family residential buildings, multi-tenanted commercial premises, industrial or warehouse space, hotels, land acquisition, development and construction, etc.) Exposure would also include non-fund based (NFB) limits.	15,065.40	14,849.56
c)	Investments in Mortgage-Backed Securities (MBS) and other securitized exposures - i. Residential, ii. Commercial Real Estate.	Nil Nil	Nil Nil
ii)	Indirect Exposure Fund based and non-fund based exposures on National Housing Bank (NHB) and Housing Finance Companies (HFCs).	46,693.51	44,862.16
	Total Exposure to Real Estate Sector	1,46,080.91	1,35,900.72

b) Exposure to Capital Market

			(₹ in crore)
Sr. No.	Category	31.03.2023	31.03.2022
i)	Direct investment in equity shares, convertible bonds, convertible debentures and units of equity oriented mutual funds the corpus of which is not exclusively invested in corporate debt.	1,208.79	1,364.85
ii)	Advances against shares/bonds/debentures or other securities or on clean basis to individuals for investment in shares (including IPOs/ESOPs), convertible bonds, convertible debentures and units of equity oriented mutual funds	1.35	1.32
iii)	Advances for any other purposes where shares or convertible bonds or convertible debentures or units of equity oriented mutual funds are taken as primary security	299.20	319.28
iv)	Advances for any other purposes to the extent secured by the collateral security of shares or convertible bonds or convertible debentures or units of equity oriented mutual funds i.e. where the primary security other than shares/ convertible bonds/ convertible debentures/ units of equity oriented mutual funds does not fully cover the advances	1,198.71	825.61
v)	Secured and unsecured advances to stockbrokers and guarantees issued on behalf of stockbrokers and market makers	1,058.30	393.50
vi)	Loans sanctioned to corporate against the security of shares /bonds/ debentures or other securities or on clean basis for meeting promoter contribution to the equity of new companies in anticipation of raising resources		
vii)	Bridge loans to companies against expected equity flows /issues.		









			(₹ in crore)
Sr. No.	Category	31.03.2023	31.03.2022
viii)	Underwriting commitments taken up by the Banks in respect of primary issue of shares or convertible bonds or convertible debentures and units of equity oriented mutual funds		
ix)	Financing to stockbrokers for margin trading		
x)	All exposures to Venture Capital Funds (both registered and unregistered) will be deemed to be on par with equity and hence will reckon for compliance with the capital market exposure.	1,144.62	1,158.92
	Total exposure to Capital Market	4,910.97	4,063.48

c) Risk Category -wise Country Exposure

				(₹ in crore)
Risk Category	Net Exposure 31.03.2023	Provision held 31.03.2023	Net Exposure 31.03.2022	Provision held 31.03.2022
Insignificant	31,603.27	Nil	16,345.90	Nil
Low	22,760.29	Nil	13,396.01	Nil
Moderately Low	513.30	Nil	74.41	Nil
Moderate	227.78	Nil	181.59	Nil
Moderately High	670.21	Nil	134.84	Nil
High	101.17	Nil	1.18	Nil
Very High	0.00	Nil	5.28	Nil
Total	55,876.02	Nil	30,139.21	Nil

As per Country Risk Policy 2022-23, Bank has used ECGC country risk classification for the Trade Exposure and other than Trade exposure in India both for branches in India and for overseas branches.

Bank will make provision for country risk exposure only in respect of a country where the net funded exposure is 1% or more of its total assets.

d) Unsecured advances

		(₹ in crore)
Particulars	31.03.2023	31.03.2022
Total unsecured advances of the bank	1,25,803.00	1,13,489.29
Out of the above, amount of advances for which intangible securities such as charge over the rights, licenses, authority etc. have been taken	Nil	Nil
Estimated value of such intangible collateral securities	Nil	

e) Factoring exposure

		(₹ in crore)
Particulars	As on 31.03.2023	As on 31.03.2022
TReDS Exposure in terms of DBR.No.FSD.BC.32/24.01.007/2015-16 dated 30^{th} July 2015 (Para 8).	523.83	543.54



		(₹ in crore)
Particulars	31.03.2023	31.03.2022
Total amount of Intra group exposure	539.98	490.44
Total amount of Top 20 Intra group exposure	539.98	490.44
Percentage of Intra group exposure to total exposure of the Bank on borrowers/ customers	0.05	0.05
Details of breach of limits on Intra group exposure and regulatory action thereon, if any	NIL	NIL

g) Un-Hedged Foreign Currency Exposures

In terms of guidelines issued by Reserve Bank of India with regard to UFCE, Bank has approved Policy on Unhedged Foreign Currency Exposure of Clients 2022-23. While framing the policy, bank has taken into consideration the exchange risks arising out of volatility in the forex market and accordingly has made suitable provisions to reduce the risks. Bank has also taken into consideration credit risks arising out of unhedged foreign currency exposure and accordingly Bank has put in place risk mitigation measures by incorporating additional loan pricing framework. Total provision made for exposures to entities with UFCE for the year ended March 2023 is ₹16.83 Crore.

6. CONCENTRATION OF DEPOSITS, ADVANCES, EXPOSURES AND NPAs:

a) Concentration of Deposits

		(₹ in crore)
Particulars	31.03.2023	31.03.2022
Total Deposits of twenty largest depositors	89,178.87	97,755.30
Percentage of Deposits of twenty largest depositors to Total Deposits of the Bank.	7.98	9.47

b) Concentration of Advances

		(₹ in crore)
Particulars	31.03.2023	31.03.2022
Total Advances of twenty largest borrowers/customers	1,35,080.37	1,04,418.65
Percentage of Advances of twenty largest borrowers to Total Advances of the Bank	16.46	14.35

c) Concentration of Exposures

		(₹ in crore)
Particulars	31.03.2023	31.03.2022
Total Exposures of twenty largest borrowers/customers	1,43,096.26	1,39,132.22
Percentage of Exposures of twenty largest borrowers/customers to Total Exposures of the Bank on borrowers / customers	13.41	14.57

d) Concentration of NPAs

		(₹ in crore)
Particulars	31.03.2023	31.03.2022
Total Exposures to top twenty NPA accounts	10,510.60	11,098.86
Percentage of Exposures to the twenty largest NPA Exposures to total Gross NPAs	17.23	13.95

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7. DERIVATIVES

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a) Forward Rate Agreement/Interest Rate Swap

			(₹ in crore)
Sr. No.	Particulars	31.03.2023	31.03.2022
i)	The notional principal of swap agreements	42,093.16	17,840.00
ii)	Losses which would be incurred if counterparties failed to fulfill their obligations under the agreements	136.65	110.71
iii)	Collateral required by the Bank upon entering into swaps	Nil	Nil
iv)	Concentration of credit risk arising from the Swaps	Banking Industry	Banking Industry
v)	The fair value of the swap book	4.65	4.96

Note:

- I. Interest rate swaps in Indian Rupees were undertaken for hedging Reciprocal Loan Arrangements.
- II. The Bank has entered into Floating to Fixed or Fixed to Floating Interest Rate Swap transactions for trading during the year.
- III. All underlying for hedge transactions are on accrual basis.

b) Exchange Traded Interest Rate Derivatives

				(₹ in crore)
Sr. No.	Particulars	31.03	.2023	31.03	.2022
i)	Notional principal amount of exchange traded interest rate derivatives undertaken during the year (instrument-wise) Interest Rate Future	Buy	Sell	Buy	Sell
	a) 577GS2030			70.00	70.00
	b) 585GS2030			1,963.00	1,963.00
	c) 664GS2035			428.00	428.00
	d) 610GS2031	1,215.04	1,215.04	3,035.02	3,035.02
	e) 654GS2032	1,074.28	1,074.28		
	f) 726GS2032	1,180.76	1,180.74		
ii)	Notional principal amount of exchange traded interest rate derivatives outstanding as on 31 st March 2023 (instrument-wise) a) 726GS2032	0.1	02	N	lil
iii)	Notional principal amount of exchange traded interest rate derivatives outstanding and not "highly effective" (instrument-wise)	N	lil	N	lil
iv)	Mark-to-market value of exchange traded interest rate derivatives outstanding and not "highly effective" (instrument wise)	Nil		N	lil

c) Disclosures on Risk Exposures in Derivatives

i) Qualitative disclosure:

- a) The Bank deals in two groups of derivative transactions within the framework of RBI guidelines.
 - i) Over the Counter Derivatives
 - ii) Exchange Traded Derivatives

The Bank deals in Forward Rate Agreement, Interest Rate Swaps, Cross Currency Swap and Currency Options in Over the Counter Derivatives group.





In Exchange Traded Derivatives Group, the Bank trades in Currency Futures and Interest Rate Futures. The Bank is Trading & clearing member with three Exchanges viz. National Stock Exchange (NSE), Bombay Stock Exchange (BSE) & Metropolitan Stock Exchange (MSEIL), on their Currency Derivative segment, as permitted by Reserve Bank of India. The Bank carries out proprietary trading in currency futures on these exchanges. The Bank has set up the necessary infrastructure for Front, Mid and Back office operations. Daily Mark to Market (MTM) and Margin obligations are settled with the exchanges as per guidelines issued by the Regulators.

The Bank trades in Interest Rate Futures on National Stock Exchange. The bank has necessary infrastructure for Front, Mid and Back office operations in place. Daily Mark to Market (MTM) and Margin obligations are settled with the exchanges as per guidelines issued by the Regulators.

The Bank undertakes derivative transactions for proprietary trading/market making, hedging own balance sheet and for offering to customers, who use them for hedging their risks within the prevalent regulations. Proprietary trading/market making positions are taken in Rupee Interest Rate Swap, Currency Futures and Interest Rate Futures. While derivative instruments present immense opportunity for making a quantum leap in non-interest income and also for hedging market risk, it exposes the Bank to various risks. The Bank has adopted the following mechanism for managing different risks arising out of derivative transactions.

- a) In terms of the structure, operations in the Treasury Branch are segregated into following three functional areas, which are provided with trained officers with necessary systems support and their responsibilities are clearly defined.
- I) Front Office (Dealing Room) Ensures Compliance with trade origination requirements as per Bank's policy and RBI guidelines.
- II) Mid-Office Risk Management, Accounting Policies and Management
- III) Back Office Settlement, Reconciliation, Accounting.

Mid Office monitors transactions in the trading book and excesses, if any, are reported to Risk management Department for necessary action. Mid Office also measures the financial risk for transactions in the trading book on a daily basis, by way of Mark to Market. Daily Mark to Market position is reported to Risk Management Department, for onward reporting of the risk profile to the Directors' Committee on the Assets and Liability Management.

In case of corporate clients transactions are concluded only after the inherent credit exposures are quantified and approved in terms of approval process laid down in the Treasury Policy for customer appropriateness and suitability. The necessary documents like ISDA agreements are duly executed. The bank has adopted Current Exposure Method for monitoring credit exposures.

Bank has entered into Credit Support Annex (CSA) with few banks. CSA is a legal document regulating the terms and conditions under which collateral is posted to mitigate counterparty credit risk in bilateral derivative transactions.

b) Treasury Policy of the Bank lays down the types of financial derivative instruments, scope of usages, and approval process as also the limits like the open position limits, deal size limits, stop loss limits and counterpart exposure limit for trading in approved instruments.

Various Risk Limits are set up and actual exposures are monitored vis-à-vis the limits.

These limits are set up taking in to account market volatility, business strategy and management experience. Risk limits are in place for risk parameters viz. PV01, stop loss, counterparty credit exposure. Actual positions are measured against these limits periodically and breaches if any are reported promptly. The Bank ensures that the Gross PV01 position arising out of all non option derivative contracts is within the 0.25% of net worth of the Bank.

c) The Bank also uses financial derivative transactions for hedging its own Balance Sheet Exposures. Treasury Policy of the Bank spells out approval process for hedging the exposures. The hedge transactions are monitored





(₹ in crore)

on a regular basis. The notional profit or loss calculated on Mark to Market basis, PV01 and VaR on these deals are reported to the Assets Liability Committee (ALCO) every month. Hedge effectiveness is the degree to which changes in the fair value or cash flows of the hedged items that are attributed to a hedged risk are offset by changes in the fair value or cash flows of the hedging instruments. This exercise is carried out periodically to ensure hedge effectiveness.

d) The hedged/un-hedged transactions are recorded separately. The hedged transactions are accounted for on accrual basis. All trading contracts are mark-to-market and resultant gross gain or loss is recorded in income statement.

In case of Option contracts, guidelines issued by FEDAI from time to time for recognition of income, premium, and discount are being followed.

To mitigate the credit risk, the Bank has policy in place to sanction limits to the counterparty Banks and Counterparty clients. The Bank adopts Current Exposure method for monitoring counterparty exposure periodically. While sanctioning derivative limit, the competent authority may stipulate condition of obtaining collaterals/margin as deemed appropriate. The derivative limit is reviewed periodically along with other credit limits.

The customer related derivative transactions are covered with counterparty banks, on back-to-back basis for identical amount and tenure and the bank does not carry any market risk.

ii) Quantitative disclosure:

					(< in crore)		
	Quantitative Disclosures						
<u> </u>		31-03-2023			-2022		
S. No.	Particular	Currency Derivatives	Interest Rate Derivatives	Currency Derivatives	Interest Rate Derivatives		
(a)	Derivatives (Notional Principal Amount)						
	(i) For Hedging	3,994.00	3,165.00	370.64	2,180.00		
	(ii) For Trading	4,13,578.41	38,928.18	4,44,008.28	15,660.00		
(b)	Marked to Market Position	• • • • •	·				
	(i) Asset (+)	1,430.12	135.51	1,818.71	88.38		
	(ii) Liability (-)	(1,326.16)	(130.46)	(1,683.63)	(88.67)		
(c)	Credit Exposure (*)	10,364.27	493.24	11,041.95	267.08		
(d)	Likely impact of one percentage change in interest rate (100*PV01) (in Lacs)						
	(i) On Hedging Derivatives	-20,888.16	3,686.11	0.00	4,392.29		
	(ii) On Trading Derivatives	-16.62	47.77	0.00	134.01		
(e)	Maximum and minimum of 100*PV01 observed during the year (in Lacs)						
	I. Maximum						
	(i) On Hedging	(10,744.86)	4,652.40	0.00	5,454.20		
	(ii) On Trading	1,023.14	2,548.55	0.00	2,345.28		
	II. Minimum						
	(i) On Hedging	(23,138.00)	3,686.11	0.00	1,407.51		
	(ii) On Trading	(25.97)	14.82	0.00	22.40		

*Note:

1. Credit Exposure of Interest Rate Derivatives also includes the exposure on Hedging deals.

2. Credit Exposure of Currency Derivatives also includes the exposure on Hedging deals





d) CREDIT DEFAULT SWAPS:

The Bank has not entered into any Credit Default Swap transactions during the FY 22-23.

8. Disclosures relating to securitisation: Nil

9. Off - Balance Sheet SPVs sponsored by the Bank: Nil

10. TRANSFERS TO DEPOSITOR EDUCATION AND AWARENESS FUND (DEAF)

Particulars	31.03.2023	31.03.2022
Opening balance amounts transferred to DEAF	2,877.09	2,375.24
Add: Amounts transferred to DEAF during the Year	387.59	545.18
Less: Amount reimbursed by DEAF towards claims	65.85	43.33
Closing balance of Amount transferred to DEAF	3,198.83	2,877.09

11. DISCLOSURE OF COMPLAINTS:

Summary information on complaints received by the bank from customers and from the Office of Ombudsman (OBOs)

	Particulars					
Sr. No.		Complaints received by the Bank from its customers	2022-23	2021-22		
1.		Number of complaints pending at beginning of the year (Including BO Complaints)	1,395	10,780		
2.		Number of complaints received during the year (Including BO Complaints)	2,52,086	3,28,216		
3.		Number of complaints disposed during the year (Including BO Complaints)	2,52,954	3,37,601		
	3.1	Of which, number of complaints rejected by the bank	610	415		
4.		Number of complaints pending at the end of the year (Including BO Complaints)	527	1,395		
Mair	ntainab	le complaints received by the bank from OBOs	,			
5.		Number of maintainable complaints received by the bank from OBOs	6,167	7,971		
	5.1	Of 5, number of complaints resolved in favour of the bank by BOs	2,241	7,229		
	5.2	Of 5, Number of complaints resolved through conciliation/ mediation/ advisories issued by BOs	3,924	740		
	5.3	Of 5, number of complaints resolved after passing of Awards by BOs against the bank.	2	2		
6.		Number of Awards unimplemented within the stipulated time (other than those appealed)	0	0		

Note:-

Maintainable complaints refer to complaints on the grounds specifically mentioned in Integrated Ombudsman Scheme, 2021 (Previously Banking Ombudsman Scheme, 2006) and covered within the ambit of the Scheme. However, the above data collated from CMS site also includes those complaints settled by agreement per Clause 11 as well as Rejected Complaints as per Clause 13 of Ombudsman Scheme 2006 which is under correspondence.









Top five grounds of com	Top five grounds of complaints received by the Bank from customers (Including BO Complaints)					
Grounds of complaints (i.e. Complaints relating to)	Number of complaints pending at the beginning of the year	Number of complaints received during the year	% increase/ decrease in the number of complaints received over the previous year	Number of complaints pending at the end of the year	Of 5, number of complaints pending beyond 30 days	
1	2	3	4	5	6	
	Curr	ent Year (2022-2	23)			
	01.04.2022	2022-23	31.03.2023	31.03	.2023	
ATM/Debit Cards	324	203453	(4.91%)	98	0	
Internet/Mobile/Electronic Banking	213	23432	(62.25%)	50	0	
Levy of Charges Without prior Notice/Excessive Charges/ Foreclosure Charges	47	3860	(62.72%)	1	0	
Cheques/Drafts/Bills	11	765	(77.56%)	8	0	
Credit Cards	32	1892	(40.76%)	0	0	
Others	768	18684	(46.97%)	370	2	
Total	1395	252086	(23.19%)	527	2	
	Prev	ious Year (2021-	22)			
	01.04.2021	2021-22	31.03.2022	31.03	.2022	

	01.04.2021	2021-22	31.03.2022	31.03	.2022
ATM/Debit Cards	4,583	2,13,956	-26.73%	324	50
Internet/Mobile/Electronic Banking	344	62,068	1.61%	213	-
Levy of Charges Without prior Notice/Excessive Charges/ Foreclosure Charges	2,389	10,355	23.19%	47	71
Cheques/Drafts/Bills	52	3,410	-36.03%	11	-
Credit Cards	27	3,194	-17.10%	32	17
Others	3,385	35,233	-20.51%	768	60
Total	10,780	3,28,216	-20.92%	1,395	198

12. DISCLOSURE OF PENALTIES IMPOSED BY RBI AND OTHER REGULATOR:

				(₹ in crore)	
Name of Demulator	Year o 31 st Mar		Year ended 31 st March 2022		
Name of Regulator	No. of Cases	Amount	No. of Cases	Amount	
Banking Regulation Act, 1949	0	0.00	1	1.00	
Other Regulators	0	0.00	1	0.46	

13. Key Management Personnel – Remuneration paid.

		(₹ in crore)
Particulars	31.03.2023	31.03.2022
CEO and Managing Director	0.49	0.37
Executive Directors	1.28	1.21
Total	1.77	1.58





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14. Other Disclosures

a) BUSINESS RATIOS

			(₹ in crore)
Sr. No.	Particulars	31.03.2023	31.03.2022
i)	Interest Income as a percentage to Working Funds	6.60	6.11
ii)	Non-interest income as a percentage to Working Funds	1.20	1.13
iii)	Cost of Deposit	4.37	4.12
iv)	Net Interest Margin	2.90	2.71
v)	Operating Profit as a percentage to Working Funds	2.08	1.97
vi)	Return on Assets	0.69	0.47
vii)	Average Business (Deposits plus advances) per employee (₹ in crore)	23.14	20.48
vi)	Net Profit per employee (₹ in crore)	0.11	0.07

b) BANCASSURANCE BUSINESS:

The breakup of income derived from bancassurance business is given here below:

			(₹ in crore)
Sr. No.	Nature of Income	31.03.2023	31.03.2022
1.	Life Insurance Policies	233.39	170.24
2.	Non Life Insurance Policies	50.76	48.14
3.	Health Insurance	49.13	38.03

c) Marketing and distribution

Details of fees / remuneration received in respect of the marketing and distribution function (excluding bancassurance business):

			(₹ in crore)
Sr. No.	Nature of Income	31.03.2023	31.03.2022
1.	Distributing Mutual Fund Business	19.76	17.66

d) Priority Sector Lending Certificate

Other income of the Bank inter alia includes commission income of ₹ 167.16 Crore from sale of Priority Sector Lending Certificate. Traded value of PSCL certificate are given below:

(₹ in crore)
Traded Value
15,450.00
15,450.00
-







e) Provision & Contingencies

		(₹ in crore)
Break up of Provision & Contingencies	31.03.2023	31.03.2022
Provision / (Reversal) for NPI on Investment	1,915.18	214.61
Provision towards NPA	12,478.98	11,613.25
Provision/(Reversal) towards Standard Assets	(992.73)	1,449.02
Net Provision made towards Income Tax (IT)/ Deferred tax assets (DTA)	3,704.45	3,347.31
Other Provision and Contingencies:		
- Shifting Loss	-	
- Restructured Advances	(96.98)	(32.94)
- Others	24.98	49.83
TOTAL	17,033.88	16,641.08

f) Implementation of IFRS converged Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS)

The RBI vide DBR.BP.BC.No. 76/21.07.001/2015-16 dated 11th February 2016, has prescribed the roadmap for implementation of Indian Accounting Standards (Ind-AS) in the Banks and the Banks needs to disclose the strategy for Ind-AS implementation, including the progress made in this regard. The Bank accordingly, has appointed a Consultant to assist in implementation of the Ind-AS. Further, the Bank has procured the required softwares and onboarded the vendor for software implementation of Indian Accounting Standards (Ind-AS). The Bank has also constituted a Steering Committee to oversee the progress made and the Audit Committee of the Board is being apprised of the same from time to time. Further, in terms of DO.DBR.BP.No.2535/21.07.001/2017-18 dated 13th September 2017, the Bank had been submitting Proforma Ind AS financial statements to the RBI on quarterly basis till 31st March 2021. Thereafter, in term of RBI's (Department of Regulation) mail dated 8th August 2021, bank has been advised to submit Proforma Ind AS financial statements on half yearly basis. Last proforma financials for the half year ended 30th September 2022 was submitted to RBI vide letter dated 22nd November 2022.

g) Payment of DICGC insurance premium

			(₹ in crore)
Sr. No.	Particulars	31.03.2023	31.03.2022
i)	Payment of DICGC Insurance Premium (Inclusive of GST)	1,448.90	1,278.48
ii)	Arrears in payment of DICGC premium (Inclusive of GST)		

15. DISCLOSURES AS PER ACCOUNTING STANDARDS ISSUED BY THE INSTITUTE OF CHARTERED **ACCOUNTANTS OF INDIA**

a. **REVENUE RECOGNITION (AS 9)**

Income and Expenditure have been accounted for on accrual basis except certain items of income are recognized on realization basis as per Accounting Policy no.3.4 of Schedule 17 of Significant Accounting Policies which however, is not considered to be material.

b. EMPLOYEE BENEFITS (AS 15 - REVISED)

Short Term Employment Benefits: i)

The undiscounted amounts of short-term employee benefits (e.g. medical benefits) payable wholly within twelve months of rendering the service are treated as short term and recognized during the period in which the employee rendered the service.





a) Defined Contribution Plans:

The Bank operates a new pension scheme (NPS) for all officers/employees joining the Bank on or after 1st April,2010, which is a defined contribution plan, such new joinees not being entitled to become members of the existing Pension Scheme. As per the scheme, the covered employees contribute 10% of their basic pay plus dearness allowance to the scheme together with 14% contribution from the Bank. Pending completion of registration procedures of the employees concerned, these contributions retained with the Bank. The Bank recognizes such annual contributions in the year to which they relate. Upon receipt of the Permanent Retirement Account Number (PRAN), the consolidated contribution amounts are transferred to the NPS trust.

The Bank has Defined Contribution Pension Scheme (DCPS) applicable to all categories of officers and employees joining the Bank on or after April 1, 2010. The scheme is managed by National Pension Scheme (NPS) Trust under the aegis of the Pension Fund Regulatory and Development Authority. National Securities Depository Limited has been appointed as the Central Record Keeping Agency for the NPS. During F.Y. 2022-2023, the Bank has contributed ₹ 525.36 crores including arrears of ₹ 0.12 crores (Previous Year ₹501.51 crore) to NPS.

b) Defined Benefit Plan:

Gratuity, Pension and Leave Encashment are defined benefit plans. These are provided for on the basis of an actuarial valuation as per Accounting Standard-15 "Employee Benefit" issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India, made at the end of each financial year, based on the projected unit credit method. Actuarial gains/losses are immediately taken to the Profit & Loss account.

Defined Benefit Plans - Employee's Pension plan and Gratuity plan:

The Bank has accounted for employee benefits as per Accounting Standards issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India, as per actuarial valuation report for the year ended March 31, 2023.

S.	Destinutes	31.03.	2023	31.03.2022					
No.	Particular	Gratuity	Pension	Gratuity	Pension				
i)	Table showing change in Defined Benefit Obligation:								
	Liability at the beginning of the year	3,197.81	28,650.99	3,355.82	26,011.41				
	Interest Cost	233.76	2,120.17	232.56	1,797.39				
	Current Service Cost	163	184.38	161.12	212.30				
	Past Service Cost (Vested Benefit Amortized)	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL				
	Past Service Cost (Vested Benefit)	NIL	NIL	NIL	1902.02				
	Liability Transfer in	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL				
	Liability Transfer out	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL				
	(Benefit paid)	(334.38)	(2,120.73)	(465.84)	(2,341.52)				
	Actuarial (Gain)/loss on obligation -due to c	hange							
	In the financial assumption	(63.88)	(278.47)	(119.57)	(1,446.34)				
	in demographic assumption	NIL	NIL	2.86	63.46				
	Actuarial (Gain) / Loss on obligations	29.55	614.25	30.86	2,452.27				
	Liability at the end of the year	3,225.86	29,170.59	3,197.81	28,650.99				

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(₹ in crore)









S.		31.03.2	2023	31.03.2	022
No.	Particular	Gratuity	Pension	Gratuity	Pension
ii)	Table of Fair value of Plan Assets:		1		
	Fair value of Plan Assets at the beginning of the year	3,367.60	27,043.50	2,746.43	26,720.88
	Expected return on Plan Assets	246.17	2,001.22	190.33	1,846.41
	Contributions	NIL	1,780.29	843.37	551.42
	Transfer from Other Company	0.29	NIL	NIL	NIL
	Transfer to Other Company	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL
	(Benefit paid)	(334.38)	(2,120.73)	(465.84)	(2,341.52)
	Actuarial (Gain)/loss on Plan Assets	(17.33)	49.96	(53.31)	(266.31)
	Fair Value of Plan Assets at the end of the year	3,262.35	28,754.24	3,367.60	27,043.50
	Actuarial (Gain)/loss on obligation for the period	(34.33)	335.78	(85.85)	1,069.39
	Actuarial (Gain)/loss on Plan Assets	17.33	(49.96)	(53.31)	(266.31)
	Total Actuarial (Gain)/loss to be recognized	(17.00)	285.82	(139.16)	803.08
iii)	Recognition of Transitional Liability :				
	Transitional Liability at start	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL
	Transitional Liability recognized during the year	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL
	Transitional Liability at end	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL
iv)	Actual return on Plan Assets :	I		I	
	Expected Return on Plan Assets	246.17	2,001.22	190.33	1,846.41
	Actuarial Gain/(Loss) on Plan Assets	(17.33)	49.96	53.31	266.31
	Actual return on Plan Assets	228.84	2,051.18	243.64	2,112.72
v)	Expenses recognized in the Income Statemer			I	
	Current Service Cost	163.00	184.38	161.12	212.30
	Interest Cost	(12.41)	118.95	42.23	(49.02)
	Expected Return on Plan Assets	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL
	Past Service Cost (Vested Benefit Amortized) recognized	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL
	Past Service Cost (Vested Benefit) recognized(1/5 of enhanced family pension)	NIL	1,521.62	NIL	380.40
	Recognition of Transition Liability	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL
	Actuarial (Gain) or Loss	(17.00)	285.82	(139.16)	803.08
	Expenses Recognized in P & L	133.59	2,110.77	64.19	1346.76
vi)	Balance Sheet Reconciliation:				
	Opening Net Liability (Last year net amount recognized in the balance sheet)	(169.79)	85.87	609.39	(709.47)
	Expenses as above	133.59	2,110.77	64.19	1,346.76
	Transfer from other Company (Net)	(0.29)	NIL	NIL	NIL
	Transfer to other Company (Net)	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL
	(Employer Contribution)	NIL	(1,780.29)	(843.37)	(551.42)
	Net (Asset)/Liability Amount recognized in Balance Sheet	(36.49)	416.35	(169.79)	85.87







					(₹ in crore)	
S.	Particular	31.03	2023	31.03.2022		
No.	Particular	Gratuity	Pension	Gratuity	Pension	
vii)	Other Details:					
	Pension is payable at the rate of 1/66 Salary for Each Year of Service Subject to Maximum of 50%.					
	Gratuity is payable at the rate of 15 days salary for each year of service subject to maximum of ₹ 20,00,000 or as per the Bank scheme.					
	Actuarial gain / loss is accounted for in the year of occurrence.					
	Salary escalation is considered as advised by the company which is in line with the industry practice considering promotion and demand and supply of the employees.					
	No. of Members	75,618	21,138	75,201	23,216	
	Salary Per Month	513.88	513.88	354.44	182.95	
	Contribution for next year	139.74	587.94	-	592.76	
viii)	Category of assets:					
	Government of India Assets	61.47	565.13	63.45	585.14	
	Corporate Bonds/FDR	25.75	720.80	36.15	721.81	
	Special Deposits Scheme	-	-	-	-	
	State Govt.	82.81	1,379.39	101.17	1,185.78	
	Property	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL	
	Other	64.13	454.17	244.10	1,733.36	
	Insurer Managed Funds	3,028.18	25,634.75	2,897.20	22,492.80	
	Mutual Fund	NIL	NIL	25.53	324.61	
	Total	3,262.34	28,754.24	3,367.60*	27,043.50*	

*Note: Return on investments in LIC & other insurance companies is expected at 7.50% while arriving Pension liability and Gratuity liability at the Fair Value of Plan Assets for the FY2022-23 as against the 7.25% considered for arriving Pension and Gratuity liability for the FY2021-22.

					(₹ in crore)
Surplus/Deficit in the Plan:		(Gratuity Plar	ı	
Amount recognized in the Balance-Sheet	31.03.23	31.03.22	31.03.21	31.03.20*	31.03.19*
Liability at the end of the year	3,225.86	3,197.81	3,355.82	1,291.94	1,222.64
Fair value of Plan Assets at the end of the year	3,262.35	3,367.60	2,746.43	1,219.01	1,202.14
Difference	36.49	169.79	(609.39)	(72.93)	(20.50)
Unrecognized Past Service Cost	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil
Unrecognized Transition Liability	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil
Amount Recognized in the Balance Sheet	36.49	169.79	(609.39)	(72.93)	(20.50)

* Amount mentioned for Union Bank (Standalone) only.









(₹ in crore)

Amount recognized in the Balance-Sheet	Gratuity Plan				
Experience Adjustment	31.03.23	31.03.22	31.03.21	31.03.20*	31.03.19*
On plan liability (Gain) / Loss	29.55	30.86	752.31	25.87	7.91
On plan Assets (Loss) / Gain	(17.33)	53.31	34.41	7.20	(13.03)

* Amount mentioned for Union Bank (Standalone) only.

					(₹ in crore)
Surplus/Deficit in the Plan:	Pension Plan				
Amount recognized in the Balance-Sheet	31.03.23 31.03.22 31.03.21 31.03.20* 31.0				
Liability at the end of the year	29,170.59	28,650.99	26,011.41	12,746.69	12,158.43
Fair value of Plan Assets at the end of the year	28,754.24	27,043.50	26,720.88	12,607.16	12,308.84
Difference	(416.35)	(1,607.49)	709.47	(139.53)	150.41
Unrecognized Past Service Cost	Nil	1,521.62	Nil	Nil	Nil
Unrecognized Transition Liability	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil
Amount Recognized in the Balance Sheet	(416.35)	(85.87)	709.47	(139.53)	150.41

* Amount mentioned for Union Bank (Standalone) only.

					(₹ in crore)
Amount recognized in the Balance-Sheet Pension Plan					
	31.03.23	31.03.22	31.03.21	31.03.20*	31.03.19*
Experience Adjustment					
On plan liability (Gain) / Loss	614.25	2,452.27	1,456.27	938.90	125.22
On plan Assets (Loss) / Gain	49.96	266.31	81.65	75.23	7.18

* Amount mentioned for Union Bank (Standalone) only.

Dringing actuarial accumution used (%)	2022-23		2021-22	
Principal actuarial assumption used (%)		Pension	Gratuity	Pension
Discount Rate Prev.	7.31	7.40	6.93	6.91
Rate of return on Plan Assets Prev.	7.31	7.40	6.93	6.91
Salary Escalation Prev.	5.00	5.00	5.00	5.00
Attrition Rate Prev.	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00
Discount Rate Current	7.49	7.53	7.31	7.40
Rate of Return on Plan Assets Current	7.49	7.53	7.31	7.40
Salary Escalation Current	5.00	5.00	5.00	5.00
Attrition Rate Current	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00

iii) Other long term Employee Benefits:

Details of Provisions made for various Long-Term Employees Benefits during the year are as follows:

			(₹ in crore)
Sr. No.	Other Long Term Benefits	31.03.2023	31.03.2022
1.	Pension	2,110.77	1,346.76
2.	Leave Travel Concession	3.66	13.41
3.	Leave Encashment	149.30	48.70

Bank is having provision of ₹ 268.76 Crore towards Sick Leave on prudential basis though there is no payout.







iv) Unamortized Family pension & Gratuity Liabilities:

Particulars	31.03.2023	31.03.2022
Pension		
a) Balance brought forward	1,521.62	NIL
b) Gross Liability	NIL	1,902.02
c) Charged to Profit & Loss account	1,521.62	380.40
d) Balance Carried forward	NIL	1,521.62
Gratuity		
a) Charged to Profit & Loss account	NIL	NIL
b) Carried forward	NIL	NIL

a. Pursuant to the revision in family pension payable to the employees of the Bank, covered under 11th Bi- Partite Settlement and joint note dated November 11, 2020, the Bank had arrived additional liability at ₹ 1,902.02 Crore as per Actuarial valuation, of which a sum of ₹ 380.40 Crore was amortized during the FY 2021-22, in terms of RBI Circular no. RBI/2021-22/105 DOR.ACC.REC.57/21.04.018/2021-22 dated October 04, 2021 and unamortized part of ₹ 1,521.62 Crore has been fully charged to the Profit & Loss Account during the year ended March 31, 2023. There is no unamortized expenditure in the Balance Sheet on account of additional family pension.

c. i) SEGMENT REPORTING (AS-17)

		(₹ in crore)
	Standal	one
	Year En	Year Ended
Business Segment	(Audited)	(Audited)
	31.03.2023	31.03.2022
Segment Revenue		
Treasury Operations	26,442.90	26,815.66
Retail Banking Operations	31,078.66	26,198.04
(a) Digital Banking Operations	569.38	NA
(b) Other Retail Banking Operations	30,509.28	26,198.04
Corporate /Wholesale Banking	35,941.71	25,776.79
Other Banking Operations	1,979.37	1,397.64
Unallocated	496.71	403.35
Total Segment Revenue	95,939.35	80,591.48
Less Inter-segment Revenue	(562.86)	(122.70)
Income from operations	95,376.49	80,468.78
Segment Results		
Treasury Operations	2,426.80	6,002.74
Retail Banking Operations	5,059.25	4,508.68
(a) Digital Banking Operations	(43.07)	NA
(b) Other Retail Banking Operations	5,102.32	4,508.68
Corporate Banking	3,091.44	(3,093.72)
Other Banking Operations	1,063.52	758.37
Unallocated	496.71	403.35
Total Profit/(Loss) Before Tax	12,137.72	8,579.42
Provision for Tax	3,704.45	3,347.31
Net Profit/(Loss) after Tax	8,433.27	5,232.11
Segment Assets		
Treasury Operations	4,64,788.70	4,78,735.97
Retail Banking Operations	3,59,680.33	3,18,913.60
(a) Digital Banking Operations	42,263.05	NA







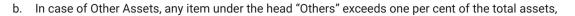


(₹ in crore)

	Standa	lone
Dusinger Comment	Year Er	Year Ended
Business Segment	(Audited)	(Audited)
	31.03.2023	31.03.2022
(b) Other Retail Banking Operations	3,17,417.28	3,18,913.60
Corporate/Wholesale Banking	4,26,011.76	3,68,181.73
Other Banking Operations	-	-
Unallocated	30,271.66	21,759.76
Total	12,80,752.45	11,87,591.06
Segment Liabilities		
Treasury Operations	4,56,704.84	4,70,252.54
Retail Banking Operations	3,28,812.17	2,90,449.81
(a) Digital Banking Operations	38,724.27	NA
(b) Other Retail Banking Operations	2,90,087.90	2,90,449.81
Corporate/Wholesale Banking	3,88,190.19	3,35,313.11
Other Banking Operations	-	-
Unallocated	28,711.04	20,999.47
Total	12,02,418.24	11,17,014.93
Capital Employed		
Treasury Operations	8,083.86	8,483.43
Retail Banking Operations	30,868.16	28,463.79
(a) Digital Banking Operations	3,538.78	NA
(b) Other Retail Banking Operations	27,329.38	28,463.79
Corporate/Wholesale Banking	37,821.57	32,868.62
Other Banking Operations	-	-
Unallocated	1,560.62	760.29
Total	78,334.21	70,576.13

Notes:

- 1. The Bank operates in four segments viz., Treasury, Retail, Corporate / Wholesale and Other Banking Operations. These segments have been identified in line with AS-17 on segment reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India (ICAI) after considering the nature and risk profile of the products and services, the target customer profiles, the organizational structure and the internal reporting system of the bank. The bank has disclosed the business segment as primary segment. The revenue and other parameters of foreign branch for the period are within the threshold limits stipulated as per AS-17 and hence the bank has only one reportable segment.
- 2. Segment wise income, expenditure, Capital employed which are not directly allocable have been allocated to the reportable segments based on assumptions as considered appropriate by the management.
- 3. Figure of previous period have been regrouped/reclassified wherever necessary.
- 4. In accordance with RBI circular DOR.AUT.REC.12/22.01.001/2022-23 dated April 7, 2022 on Establishment of Digital Banking Units, the Bank has for the first time disclosed 'Digital Banking' as a sub-segment of the Retail Banking segment.
- c. ii) In terms of RBI circular no. RBI/DOR/2021-22/83 DOR.ACC.REC.No.45/21.04.018/2021-22 dated August 30, 2021 (Updated as on February 20, 2023), the following disclosures are required:
 - a. In case of Other Liabilities and Provisions, any item under the head "Others (including provisions)" exceeds one per cent of the total assets,



c. In case of Other Income, any item under the head "Miscellaneous Income" exceeds one per cent of the total income,

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d. In case of Operating Expenses, any item under the head "Other expenditure" exceeds one per cent of the total income,

Item under the Sub Head	(₹ in Crore)	% of Total Income
Processing Charges for Advances	1,178.18	1.24
Miscellaneous Earning	1,004.21	1.05
Recovery In Write Off	5,549.49	5.82

There is no other disclosure related to other heads as mentioned above.

RELATED PARTY DISCLOSURES (AS-18)

i. List of Related Parties

a) Subsidiaries

- Union Asset Management Co. Pvt. Ltd.
- Union Trustee Company Pvt. Ltd.
- Union Bank of India (UK) Ltd.
- Andhra Bank Financial Services Ltd.
- UBI Services Ltd.

b) Joint Venture

- Star Union Dai-Ichi Life Insurance Co. Ltd.
- ASREC (India) Ltd.
- India International Bank (Malaysia) Berhad

c) Associate

Chaitanya Godavari Grameena Bank

d) Key Management Personnel

(₹	t in	crore)
• • •		

		. ,
Name	Designation	Remuneration paid for the Year ended 31 st March 2023
Shri Rajkiran Rai G. @	Managing Director & CEO	0.19
Ms. A Manimekhalai #	Managing Director & CEO	0.30
Shri Manas Ranjan Biswal ##	Executive Director	0.11
Shri Nitesh Ranjan	Executive Director	0.39
Shri Rajneesh Karnatak	Executive Director	0.34
Shri Nidhu Saxena	Executive Director	0.32
Shri Ramasubramanian S ^	Executive Director	0.12

@ Till 31.05.2022 # From 03.06.2022 ## Till 30.04.2022 ^ From 21.11.2022 **Inion Bank**





Parties with whom transactions were entered into during the year

No disclosure is required in respect of related parties, which are "State controlled Enterprises" as per paragraph 9 of Accounting Standard (AS) 18. Further, in terms of paragraph 6 of AS 18, transactions in the nature of Banker – Customer relationship have not been disclosed including those with Key Management Personnel and relatives of Key Management Personnel.

As per the RBI Master Direction, KMPs are construed to be the Whole Time Directors of the Bank.

e. "Leases" - Premises taken on Operating Lease (AS 19):

The Bank has no non-cancellable operating lease during the FY 2022-23. Hence, additional disclosure under AS-19 is not applicable. However, the amount of lease payment recognized in the profit & loss account for operating lease is ₹ 801.99 crore (PY ₹ 816.15 crore)

f. EARNING PER SHARE (AS-20)

Basic earnings per equity share are computed by dividing net profit after tax by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the year. The diluted earnings per equity share is computed using the weighted average number of equity shares and weighted average number of diluted potential equity shares outstanding during the year.

The computation of earnings per share is given below:

Particulars	31.03.2023	31.03.2022
Number of Equity shares at the beginning of the year	6,83,47,47,466	6,40,68,44,355
Number of Equity shares issued during the year	Nil	42,79,03,111
Number of Equity shares outstanding at the end of the year	6,83,47,47,466	6,83,47,47,466
Weighted Average Number of Equity Shares used in computing Basic Earnings per share	6,83,47,47,466	6,77,26,13,590
Weighted Average Number of Shares used in computing diluted Earnings per share	6,83,47,47,466	6,77,26,13,590
Net Profit/(Loss) ₹ in Crore	8,433.28	5,232.11
Basic Earnings per share (₹)	12.34	7.73
Diluted Earnings per share (₹)	12.34	7.73
Nominal Value per share (₹)	10.00	10.00

g. PROVISION FOR TAXES:

i. Deferred Tax (AS-22)

			(₹ in crore)
Sr. No.	Particulars	31.03.2023	31.03.2022
	Deferred Tax Assets		
1	Employee Benefits (Leave Encashment)	534.18	474.78
2	Depreciation on Fixed Assets	395.89	358.42
3	On account of other provisions	11405.67	14,069.38
4	Foreign Currency Translation Reserve	-84.48	1.14
5	Standard Asset	0.00	588.37
	Total	12251.26	15,492.08
	Deferred Tax Liabilities		

	(< in Crore		(< in crore)
Sr. No.	Particulars	31.03.2023	31.03.2022
1	Accrued interest on securities	1274.79	1,092.63
2	Special Reserves u/s 36(i)(viii)	2316.74	2,107.08
3	Depreciation on Investment		
	Total	3,591.53	3,199.71
	Net Deferred Tax Asset	8,659.73	12,292.37
	Net Deferred Tax Liability		Nil

ii. Direct Tax

		(₹ in crore)
Particulars	31.03.2023	31.03.2022
Provision for Income Tax (Including Deferred tax)	3,704.45	3,347.31

CORPORATE TAXATION:

Provision for tax is made for both current and deferred taxes. Current tax is provided on the taxable income using applicable tax rates and tax laws. Deferred Tax Assets and Deferred Tax Liabilities arising on account of timing differences and which are capable of reversal in subsequent periods are recognized using the tax rates and the tax laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted till the date of the Balance Sheet.

Deferred Tax Assets are recognized only if there is virtual certainty of realization of such assets in future. Deferred Tax Assets/Liabilities are reviewed at each Balance Sheet date based on developments during the year.

h. INVESTMENT IN JOINT VENTURES (AS - 27)

Investments include ₹ 286.88 Crores (Previous year ₹ 236.68 Crores) representing Bank's interest in Star Union Dai-ichi Life Insurance Co., ASREC(India) Limited, and India International Bank (Malaysia) BHD.

i. Revaluation of Property

Land and Building of the bank were revalued as on 31.12.2019 at Fair Market Value as determined by approved valuer have further been revalued as on 31.12.2022 at Fair Market Value by approved valuer. The resultant increase in value thereof on such revaluations amounting to ₹ 1,418.26 crore for Premises and ₹ 101.02 crore for Vacant Land as on 31.12.2022 have been credited to Revaluation Reserve. As AS-10 (Revised), the depreciation of revalued portion is recouped from Revaluation Reserve resulting in decrease in Revaluation Reserve by ₹ 125.20 crore for the year ended 31st March, 2023.

j. IMPAIRMENT OF ASSET (AS-28)

In the opinion of the Management, there is no indication for Impairment during the year with regard to the asset to which Accounting Standards 28 applies.

k. CONTINGENT LIABILITIES (AS - 29)

Contingent liabilities referred to in Schedule-12 at S. No.(I) & (VI) are dependent upon the outcome of court/arbitration/out of court settlement, the amount being called up, terms of contractual obligations, devolvement and raising of demand by parties concerned, disposal of appeals respectively.

I. During the current year, there is no material prior period item (as per AS 5) and no discontinued operations (as per AS 24).





Union Bank

m. Climate Control

Union Bank of India has a policy in place in name of "Sustainable Development and Business Responsibility Policy" which is reviewed every year and last reviewed by the Board on 02.03.2023. Through this policy, the Bank is committed to make effort to protect and restore the environment. Bank has taken various initiatives like Electricity Conservations, avoid usage of plastic bottles for packaged drinking water etc. To manage Environmental, Social and Governance (ESG) and climate risk, the Bank's Board has put in place "ESG Risk Framework and Climate Risk Policy". The Bank has formed ESG Steering Committee to formulate and implement ESG strategy and transition in the Bank.

n. BALANCING OF BOOKS, RECONCILIATION OF INTER BRANCH / BANK TRANSACTIONS

- (i) Confirmation/ Reconciliation of balance with foreign banks and other banks has been obtained/carried out.
- (ii) Adjustment of outstanding entries in Suspense Accounts, Sundry Deposits, Clearing Adjustments, Bank Reconciliation Statements and various inter-branch/office accounts is in progress.
- (iii) Pending final clearance of the (i) and (ii), the overall impact, if any, on the accounts, in the opinion of the management will not be significant.

o. Compliance to the Provision of MSME Development Act, 2006

Bank is complying with the extant provisions of MSME Development Act, 2006 and there has been no reported cases of any delayed payments of the principal amount or interest due thereon to Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises.

The figures of the previous year have been regrouped/rearranged wherever considered necessary.

(PANKAJ KUMAR) DY. GENERAL MANAGER

(RAMASUBRAMANIAN S) EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR

(ARUN KUMAR SINGH) DIRECTOR

(LAXMAN S UPPAR) DIRECTOR (NIDHU SAXENA) EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR

(JAYADEV MADUGULA) DIRECTOR

(A. MANIMEKHALAI) MANAGING DIRECTOR & CEO

(SRINIVASAN VARADARAJAN) CHAIRMAN

For M/s SARDA & PAREEK LLP Chartered Accountants FRN 109262W/W100673

CA Niranjan Joshi Partner Membership No.102789 UDIN: 23102789BGWREB5291

For **M/s Gopal Sharma & Co.** Chartered Accountants FRN 002803C

CA Abhishek Sharma Partner Membership No.079224 UDIN: 23079224BGTKQ02274 (PRAFULLA KUMAR SAMAL) CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER

> (NITESH RANJAN) EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR

(SURAJ SRIVASTAVA) DIRECTOR

> (PRITI JAY RAO) DIRECTOR

For **M/s C R Sagdeo & Co.** Chartered Accountants FRN 108959W

CA Sachin V Luthra Partner Membership No. 109127 UDIN: 23109127BGQVHR6655

> For **M/s NBS & Co.** Chartered Accountants FRN 110100W

CA Pradeep J. Shetty Partner Membership No. 046940 UDIN: 23046940BGPTTS7892

For **M/s R G N Price & Co.** Chartered Accountants FRN 002785S

CA P M Veeramani Partner Membership No.023933 UDIN: 23023933BGVFVB8763

For M/s P V A R & Associates Chartered Accountants FRN 005223C

CA Ruchi Agarwal Partner Membership No.504134 UDIN:23504134BGWTPP4106 Place : MUMBAI Date : 6th May, 2023





Standalone Cash Flow Statement For the Year Ended 31st March, 2023

	(₹ in lacs)		
S. No.	Particulars	Year ended 31 March, 2023	Year ended 31 March, 2022
Α	CASH FLOW FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:		
	Net Profit Before Tax	12,13,772	8,57,941
	Adjustments for:		
	Depreciation on Fixed Assets	73,715	73,809
	Provision for Investments	1,67,478	21,461
	Provision for Non Performing Assets (Net)	12,47,897	11,61,326
	Provision for Standard Asset	(1,16,241)	1,36,521
	Provision for other items (Net)	9,770	10,072
	(Profit)/Loss on Sale or Disposal of Fixed Assets	149	35
	Interest on Borrowings : Capital Instruments	1,58,601	1,55,133
	Dividend received from Investments	(6,968)	(3,019)
	Transfer to/from reserves	(67,520)	72,382
	Sub Total	26,80,653	24,85,662
	Adjustments for:		
	Increase / (Decrease) in Deposits	85,32,369	1,08,58,729
	Increase / (Decrease) in Other Liabilities and Provisions	10,48,458	(90,800)
	(Increase) / Decrease in Investments	7,63,829	(17,40,928)
	(Increase) / Decrease in Advances	(1,13,31,977)	(81,63,505)
	(Increase) / Decrease in Other Assets	(7,67,147)	4,45,843
	Direct taxes paid (Net of Refund)	(3,27,752)	(1,73,612)
	NET CASH FLOW FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES (A)	5,98,433	36,21,389
В	CASH FLOW FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES :		
	Purchase of Fixed Assets	(3,05,524)	(73,970)
	Proceeds from Sale/Adjustment of Fixed asset	68,230	15,382
	(Increase)/Decrease in Investment in Subsidiary	(10,473)	19,907
	Dividend received from Investment	6,968	3,019
	NET CASH FLOW FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES (B)	(2,40,799)	(35,662)
С	CASH FLOW FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES :		
	Proceeds from issue of Equity Share Capital Including Share Premium (Net)	-	1,44,208
	Proceeds from issue of Capital Instruments	98,300	7,00,000
	Repayments of Capital Instruments	(10,000)	(5,40,000)
	(Decrease)/Increase Borrowings other than Capital Instruments	(8,92,463)	(2,25,801)
	Interest Paid on Borrowings : Capital Instruments	(1,58,601)	(1,55,133)
	Dividend paid during the year	(1,29,861)	-
	NET CASH FLOW FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES (C)	(10,92,624)	(76,726)
	Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash & Cash Equivalent (A)+(B)+(C)	(7,34,990)	35,09,001
	Cash and Cash Equivalents as at the beginning of the year	1,19,50,036	84,41,035
	Net cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year	1,12,15,045	1,19,50,036

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			(₹ in lacs)
S.	Particulars	Year ended	Year ended
No.	Particulars	31 March, 2023	31 March, 2022
	Components of Cash and Cash equivalents		
D	CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT THE BEGINNING OF THE YEAR		
	Cash and Balances with RBI (including FC notes)	46,11,259	37,88,046
	Balances with Banks and Money at call	73,38,777	46,52,989
	Net cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year	1,19,50,036	84,41,035
Е	CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT THE END OF THE YEAR		
	Cash and Balance with RBI (including FC notes)	50,25,427	46,11,259
	Balances with Banks and Money at call	61,89,618	73,38,777
	Net cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year	1,12,15,045	1,19,50,036

Previous Year's figures have been regrouped/recasted wherever considered necessary to correspond with the year ended classification/ presentation.

(PANKAJ KUMAR) DY. GENERAL MANAGER

(RAMASUBRAMANIAN S) EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR

(ARUN KUMAR SINGH) DIRECTOR

(LAXMAN S UPPAR) DIRECTOR (NIDHU SAXENA) EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR

(JAYADEV MADUGULA) DIRECTOR

(A. MANIMEKHALAI) MANAGING DIRECTOR & CEO

(SRINIVASAN VARADARAJAN) CHAIRMAN

Auditors Certificate:

We, the undersigned Statutory Auditors of the Union Bank of India, have verified the above Standalone Cash Flow Statement of the Bank for the year ended 31.03.2023. The statement has been prepared in Indirect Method in accordance with the AS-3, "Cash Flow Statement" issued by The Institute of Charterted Accountants of India and with the requirments of the SEBI (Listing Obligations & Disclosure Requirements), 2015 and is based on and in agreement with the corresponding Standalone Profit & Loss Account and the Standalone Balance Sheet of the Bank covered by our report of the May 06, 2023 to the members.

For **M/s R G N Price & Co.** Chartered Accountants FRN 002785S

CA P M Veeramani Partner Membership No.023933 UDIN: 23023933BGVFVB8763

For **M/s P V A R & Associates** Chartered Accountants FRN 005223C

CA Ruchi Agarwal Partner Membership No.504134 UDIN:23504134BGWTPP4106

Place : MUMBAI Date : 6th May, 2023 For **M/s SARDA & PAREEK LLP** Chartered Accountants FRN 109262W/W100673

CA Niranjan Joshi Partner Membership No.102789 UDIN: 23102789BGWREB5291

For **M/s Gopal Sharma & Co.** Chartered Accountants FRN 002803C

CA Abhishek Sharma Partner Membership No.079224 UDIN: 23079224BGTKQ02274 For **M/s C R Sagdeo & Co.** Chartered Accountants FRN 108959W

CA Sachin V Luthra Partner Membership No. 109127 UDIN: 23109127BGQVHR6655

> For **M/s NBS & Co.** Chartered Accountants FRN 110100W

CA Pradeep J. Shetty Partner Membership No. 046940 UDIN: 23046940BGPTTS7892

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